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Thomasfield Homes

Hydrogeological Study for Mayberry Hill Subdivision Phase 3B

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HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY FOR MAYBERRY HILL SUBDIVISION PHASE 3B

THOMASFIELD HOMES

MARCH 2020

GMBP FILE: 115049

1. INTRODUCTION

Thomasfield Homes Limited (the Client) has retained GM BluePlan Engineering Limited to perform a hydrogeological study to support the development of a proposed subdivision in the vicinity of the settlement known as Grand Valley. The proposed subdivision will occupy Parts of Lots 29 and 30, Concession 2 of the Geographic Township of East Luther, Ontario (see Figure 1).

The following report presents the findings of the hydrogeological study and hydrogeological impact assessment pertaining to the proposed development.

1.1 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this study is to support the development process by providing hydrogeological information and assessments to satisfy the needs of the project within the regulatory context of the applicable municipalities and Conservation Authority. The guidance document that forms the basis for this study is entitled *Hydrogeological Assessment Submissions, Conservation Authority Guidelines to Support Development Applications* (June 2013).

Objectives of this study are as follows:

- Review existing information and undertake field investigation to gather information about the hydrogeological aspects of the site.
- Characterize the site through the development of a conceptual hydrogeological model
- Assess the proposed development project in its physical and regulatory context for potential hydrogeological impacts and for the applicability of the stormwater management design or functional servicing.

The following is a brief outline of the scope of work that was undertaken to meet the objectives:

- Complete a desktop study including review of existing geological, topographic, and physiographic maps, source protection documentation, water well records, and geotechnical investigation reports for the site.
- Field investigation, including
 - Installation of piezometers and water level monitoring
 - Collection and analysis of groundwater samples
- Hydrogeological Assessment including,
 - Potential hydrogeological impacts concerning sourcewater protection, stormwater management, and ecological receptors, as may be caused by the construction or operation of the development.

2. BACKGROUND

For the purposes of this report, the term “north” shall be taken to mean the direction along Taylor Drive toward Amaranth Street. The directions “west”, “east” and “south” are to be understood relative to “north” as defined above.

2.1 Site Location and Setting

The Site is situated to the west of the presently-settled area of the community of Grand Valley. The Site covers Parts of Lots 29 and 30 of Concession 2 of the Geographic Township of East Luther. The Site is bounded to the north and east sides by existing residential developments, to the west by agricultural land uses and to the south by the Upper Grand Trailway.

See Figure 2 for an aerial photo showing the Site and neighbouring lands.

2.2 Proposed Development

The Client proposes to develop the Site for residential land use as part of the greater Mayberry Hill development. Previous Phases 1 and 2 have been approved and largely constructed. Phase 3A has been approved and is, at the time of writing, under construction. This Study concerns Phases 3B and 4. Appendix A provides a conceptual site plan of the proposed development.

According to preliminary planning layouts, Phase 3B (i.e. the portion of the lands within Lot 30) will comprise approximately 153 residential lots and a stormwater management block.

A future Phase 4 (i.e. the portion of the lands within Lot 29) will comprise a piece of land approximately 127 m wide by 1,000 m long and will include residential lots, townhouses, and a park.

The development is proposed to utilize municipal water and sewage services.

2.3 Local Relief and Drainage

The topographic relief of the Site is that of a gently sloped hillside, and elevations on-site range from about 480 masl down to 470 masl. The high part of the Site is in the northeastern part of Phase 3B and from there the land falls generally southwestward at a slope of about 5%. The northern portion of Phase 4 mainly falls westward to northwestward at a slope of about 2 to 5%. It appears that most of the Site drains toward a low-lying, flat area with small ponds, dugouts, and hummocks in the southern part of the Site. This low-lying area appears not to be cropped, and is bounded on the north by the cropped, upper areas of the Site and on the south by the Upper Grand Trailway. A portion of this low-lying area has been mapped by ecological consultant NRSI to be a wetland area (see Appendix A). The wetland boundary was subsequently confirmed by the Grand River Conservation Authority.

The nearest surface waterbody to the Site is a stream known as “No. 1 Drain” which is a tributary of Boyne Creek (OMAFRA 2015, see Figure 2). No. 1 Drain flows southeastward, crossing the Upper Grand Trailway at a point approximately 115 m west-by-southwest from the southwestern part of the Site.

GRCA (2016) hydrological mapping shows that most of the Site area accepts a small rate of recharge (<30 mm/yr) but produces a large rate of runoff (<300 mm/yr). The low-lying wetland area just to the north of the Upper Grand Trailway is just the opposite, with a large rate of recharge (<290 mm/yr) and a low rate of runoff (<20 mm/yr).

2.4 Geology and Physiography

The Site lies within the physiographic region known as the Stratford Till Plain (Chapman and Putnam 1984). In terms of physiographic landforms, the Site occupies an undrumlined till plain (Chapman and Putnam 2007,

see Figure 3). Surficial geological maps indicate that the site is predominantly covered by a silty till known as the Tavistock Till, though the low-lying wetland area in the southern part of the Site is understood to be covered by glaciofluvial sands (Ministry of Northern Development and Mines 2006, see Figure 4).

Bedrock in the vicinity of the Site is reported to be of the Guelph Formation, a Silurian sedimentary deposit chiefly composed of dolostone (Ministry of Northern Development and Mines 2018).

A review of water well records near the Site corroborates the surficial soils, with driller observations of “sandy clay” and “clay” describing near surface soils (Well IDs 1701208 and 1701002) near the Site. Bedrock is described as blue or grey “limestone”, with subcrop lying 95 or 120 feet below ground surface (29.0 to 36.6 mbgs): the dolostone of the Guelph Formation is commonly referred to as limestone in driller’s logs.

2.5 Local Use of Groundwater and Sourcewater Protection

The local municipal water supply system is a groundwater-based system. The nearest well belonging to the municipal system is located on Melody Lane (between Leeson Street and Water Street) approximately 330 m east of the eastern side of the Site.

With respect to Sourcewater Protection designated areas (such as Wellhead Protection Areas and Intake Protection Zones), most of the site does not bear any designation, though a small portion of the northern area of Phase 4 intersects a Wellhead Protection Area “D” (WHPA-D) with vulnerability score of 2 (GRCA 2019a and 2019b, see Figure 5). This Wellhead Protection Area actually belongs to a pair of wells (Well IDs 1900112 and 1900119) that are located outside the Study Area on the opposite side of the Grand River from the Site.

Due to the Site being located adjacent to agricultural areas, there is potential for some rural residences to be supplied by private water wells. Water well records from the MECP water well database are plotted in Figure 6. A summary of details from the water well records found within the study area has been tabulated (Table 1).

A review of water well records in the vicinity of the Site indicates:

- 111 total records
 - 70 domestic
 - 15 abandonment records
 - 6 use unlisted (no details in well record)
 - 6 monitoring or observation wells
 - 5 “not used”
 - 2 public use
 - 2 livestock
 - 2 municipal wells
 - 2 commercial wells
 - 1 alteration (casing extension)
- Of the domestic wells
 - All 70 of the records indicate that they are bedrock wells
 - Average depth to bedrock 20.0 m
 - Minimum depth to bedrock 6.4 m

Only one of the well records is attributed to the Site (Well ID 7239534). Though there are no construction details given on the well record, the coordinates of the well record correspond to BH-01-15 in the LVM geotechnical Report (2015).

The two municipal wells identified in the well search are:

- Well ID 1701325, apparently no longer in use as it does not appear in the Approved Assessment Report (Lake Erie Region Source Protection Committee 2015)

- Well ID 1703757, which is the well noted previously to be located on Melody Lane approximately 330 m east of the Site.

Prior study for earlier stages of the Mayberry Hill development revealed the possibility that an unlisted overburden well may be in use at 133181 28-29th Side Road East, approximately 180 m west of the southwestern-most point of the Site. This property is understood to be owned by Thomasfield Homes.

2.6 Relevant Local and Site-Specific Reports

2.6.1 2015 Geotechnical Investigation by LVM

The geotechnical investigation conducted by LVM included the drilling of eight (8) boreholes to depths ranging from 6.2 mbgs to 8.1 mbgs, with four of the boreholes being completed as monitoring wells. Borehole logs and grain-size test results from the LVM study are included in Appendix B.

The soil conditions encountered in drilling are described as follows:

- Topsoil (up to 0.84 m thick) overlying
- Silt Till (extending to full depth of investigation except at BH-04-15 and BH-06-15)
- Sand or Sand and Gravel (encountered in BH-06-15, 2.3 m thick, and BH-04-15, extending to full depth)
- Silt Till (extending to full depth of investigation at BH-06-15)

The Silt Till material was described as non-cohesive with loose to very dense consistency. Two particle size analyses on the Silt Till indicated a minimum of 62% fines content (i.e. proportion of silt plus clay by mass).

The Sand and Gravel was described as containing trace to some silt and occasional cobbles. One particle size analysis of this material indicated a fines content of about 35% (predominantly silt). The Sand and Gravel material extended beyond the depth of investigation at BH-04-15, but in BH-06-15 was found to be a layer 2.3 m thick overlain and underlain by silt till materials.

The report indicates that the grey colour of the soil at depths of about 3.1 to 6.1 mbgs is indicative of permanent saturation: though the water table may fluctuate in elevation throughout the year, it generally does not drop to greater depths than this level.

The report also discusses expected requirements for dewatering, indicating that “moderate groundwater inflow” can be expected where excavations extend below the groundwater table by less than 1.0 m in saturated granular deposits. LVM indicates that this “moderate groundwater inflow” is expected to be manageable by a “gravity dewatering system with perimeter interceptor ditches and high capacity pumps”. Where deeper excavations occur, LVM note that a positive dewatering system (i.e. wellpoints) will likely be required. In most other locations on-site, LVM indicates that conventional sump pumping would likely be sufficient to control groundwater but that flatter excavation slopes may be required to ensure stability.

2.6.2 2020 Geotechnical Investigation by V.A. Wood (Guelph) Inc.

A geotechnical investigation was completed by V.A. Wood (Guelph) Inc. and consisted of the completion of four (4) test pits in the southern portion of the Site within what is proposed to be the stormwater management block. Each test pit was advanced to a depth of 3.0 m and the soils that were encountered were mainly sandy silty clay and clayey sand materials.

Based on the grain-size analyses conducted as part of this investigation, hydraulic conductivity rates of these materials were estimated to be in the range of 10^{-8} m/s up to 10^{-5} m/s.

3. FIELD INVESTIGATION

3.1 Methodology

The field activities of the hydrogeological study involved three main components: groundwater level monitoring, groundwater sampling and analyses, and a scoped door-to-door well survey.

Groundwater levels have been measured on-Site through the monitoring of the existing monitoring wells (i.e. the “BH” series of wells installed by LVM) as well as through the installation and monitoring of an additional three piezometers. The monitoring wells are located generally within the area that will be developed with housing and roadways, while the piezometers were installed within the wetland area in the southern portion of the property.

In May 2019, the Site was attended by GMBP staff with the intent of collecting a groundwater sample from each of the monitoring wells and piezometers on-Site. One of the piezometers (PZ-02-19) did not recharge sufficiently during the time on-site, so only a total of six samples were collected.

Groundwater quality samples were collected using industry-accepted practices. Each well was first purged of at least three well-volumes of water or until the well ran dry, whichever occurred first. For purging and sampling, water was withdrawn from the wells using dedicated Waterra tube inertial pumps. Samples were collected into laboratory supplied bottles appropriate to the planned analyses. Due to the muddiness of the water withdrawn from the piezometers, it was deemed impractical to field-filter the samples for metals analyses: these samples were instead collected into unpreserved bottles for laboratory filtering. Sample bottles were kept cool (between 0 and 10°C) and submitted under chain-of-custody protocols to an SCC/CALA accredited laboratory for analysis of a general suite of chemical parameters including metals, inorganics, and major anions. The laboratory Certificates of Analysis are provided in the Appendix C.

A door-to-door water well survey was conducted in an attempt to gain information about the water well and usage patterns at the residence located at 133181 28-29th Side Road East.

3.2 Subsurface Investigation

Apart from the geotechnical work done by LVM, GMBP staff used hand-tools to manually advance three testholes, one for each piezometer that was installed in the wetland floodplain area. The soil profiles were logged during the installation of the piezometers and borehole logs prepared (see Appendix D).

3.3 Groundwater Levels

Groundwater levels have been monitored in the “BH”-series monitoring wells using datalogging pressure transducers since spring 2015 and readings were confirmed using manual measurements. Hydrograph plots provided in Appendix E show the record of groundwater level data that has been collected to-date from these monitoring wells. Groundwater levels in the piezometers (“PZ”-series instruments) were monitored using manual methods only. On May 13, 2019 the water level in each well and piezometer was measured and is reported in Table 2 along with other relevant well details as well as historical maximum readings reported at the “BH”-series wells.

As can be seen from the plots in Appendix E, the groundwater level in each of the monitoring wells tends to fluctuate from season to season, with a span of 1 to 2 m separating seasonal highs (occurring in late winter and spring) from seasonal lows (occurring in late autumn). 2016 appears to have been a particularly dry year as the water levels dropped to about 1 m lower than in other years on record. With respect to depth to groundwater, there is significant variation across the Site: BH-07-15 indicates a maximum groundwater level within 0.2 m of ground surface, while BH-04-15 indicates a maximum groundwater level of more than 4.0 m below ground surface.

Groundwater levels in the piezometers coincided roughly with ground surface at each of the three locations (PZ-01-19 through PZ-03-19).

3.4 Groundwater Quality

Generally, the results indicate moderately mineralized water typical of southern Ontario groundwater. Magnesium and calcium concentrations are elevated due to the prevalence of dolomite and limestone-derived materials in the surficial materials. Sodium concentrations are variable, with values over 20 mg/L being reported in BH-01-15, BH-05-15 and BH-07-15, and values less than 7 mg/L being reported in BH-04-15 and the piezometers. Chloride concentrations are less than 20 mg/L for all samples. Nitrate concentration is highest in BH-04-15 (5.62 mg/L).

The results of the analyses of groundwater quality samples are provided in Table 3. The results are compared against three sets of standards:

- *Ontario Drinking Water Standards* Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC),
- *Ontario Drinking Water Standards* Aesthetic Objectives (A/O), and
- *Provincial Water Quality Objectives*.

Because the samples are groundwater and are taken from monitoring wells (i.e. as opposed to a potable water well or from surface water sources), none of the above standards are strictly applicable, but they do provide a reference for general comparison.

It is noted, however, that in the event that construction dewatering is required, the discharge of the dewatering system will likely be released to land and may ultimately enter a surface water body or storm sewer. In such an event, the *Provincial Water Quality Objectives* should be met as an initial step in ensuring against potential environmental/ecological impacts.

Concerning the *Provincial Water Quality Objectives*, there were two samples that reported exceedances:

- BH-01-15:
 - Aluminum, 110 µg/L result vs 75 µg/L standard)
 - Uranium, 6.2 µg/L result vs 5 µg/L standard
- PZ-03:
 - Cobalt, 1.8 µg/L result vs 0.9 µg/L standard

It appears that these exceedances are due to naturally-occurring concentrations of these elements within the soil materials. Some metals will occasionally be elevated in concentration in till groundwater simply due to the composition of the local geological materials: this is commonly the case with aluminum and cobalt. Furthermore, it does not appear that any activities have been conducted at the Site which would lead to the existence of heavy metals impacts such as those reported.

3.5 Site Reconnaissance

The Site is presently under agricultural use. When wet, the surficial soils are generally quite sticky, indicative of high silt and clay content. The wetland area to the south of the Site and just north of the railway appears to be the recipient of runoff from the higher ground to the north (i.e. the Site): surface water found in this wetland area appears to generally be stagnant. Though groundwater levels in the wetland area were identified to be roughly coincident with ground surface, no evidence of visibly-flowing springs was observed in this area at the time of reconnaissance.

3.6 Door to Door Well Survey

A limited door-to-door well survey was completed in an attempt to obtain information about the water well and water usage patterns at the residence located at 133181 28-29th Side Road East, which is located approximately 180 m west of the southwesternmost part of the Site. Information from other sources had indicated that there may be an unlisted dug well at this property.

An information request package was hand-delivered to the residence on June 13, 2019. The information request package included a cover letter explaining the purpose for the data collection as well as a questionnaire for the resident to complete. A self-addressed postage-paid envelope was provided for the resident to return their response to GM BluePlan. Copies of the cover letter and questionnaire form are included in Appendix F. No response was received.

4. HYDROGEOLOGICAL CONCEPTUAL MODEL

A “conceptual model” of a site describes its physical setting and provides an interpreted overview of the hydrogeological behavior of the Site. It provides a basis for general understanding of groundwater flows and other hydrogeological phenomena as well as a basis for the assessment of potential impacts. The plan drawing in Figure 7 and the cross sections in Figures 7a and 7b are provided to aid in the visualization of the hydrogeological system of the Site.

The hydrostratigraphy of the Site is generally described as a thick till aquitard overlying a bedrock aquifer. The till does contain some pockets or lenses of sandy/coarse material which, if intersected by an excavation, could result in a requirement for increased groundwater control during construction.

Groundwater levels tend to mimic the ground surface and the pattern of groundwater levels appears to indicate that the horizontal component of groundwater flow is generally away from the high point on-site (near BH-07-15): for most of Phase 3B, this means that groundwater is flowing generally south in the southern parts of the Site and west in the western parts of the Site. Due to the upland location of the Site, the aquitard qualities of the surficial tills, and the elevation of the Site above the Grand River and other smaller streams (e.g. the municipal drains and Boyne Creek), it is interpreted that there is an appreciable vertical gradient favouring downward groundwater flow. This is formally termed a “recharge” condition, though the actual rate of groundwater recharge is likely limited due to the low hydraulic conductivity of the till soils.

Seasonal high groundwater levels approach the surface in some parts of the Site, but remain quite deep in other parts. It is interpreted that the areas where groundwater levels remain deep are influenced by drainage through the sand and gravel lenses within the till deposit (e.g. BH-04-15). Areas where groundwater levels reach nearer to the ground surface indicate that the soils there are poorly drained due to the prevalence of soils of low hydraulic conductivity (e.g. uninterrupted till strata as at BH-01-15, BH-05-15, and BH-07-15).

The portion of the Site proposed to be developed with houses exhibits significant seasonal fluctuations in groundwater level. This is interpreted to be a product of the fine-grained soils (which limit the rate of infiltration) and the effects of evapotranspiration, which is greatest during the summertime and lowest during the winter.

The high ratio of runoff to recharge that prevails across much of the Site area is due in large part to the topography of the Site, which is generally consistently sloped to encourage surface runoff, and the fine-textured soils, which tend to inhibit recharge. The wetland area in the southern part of the Site, however, due to its flat slope and hummocky relief leads to increased recharge due to the abundance of closed depressions where runoff can be pooled and infiltrate. Groundwater quality on-Site is typical of that which is naturally found in till soils in the Wellington-Dufferin area.

5. IMPACT AND RISK ASSESSMENT

Hydrogeological impacts may result when a project disrupts either the quality or quantity of water resources, whether with respect to an environmental receptor (e.g. sensitive ecological features) or with respect to a water user (e.g. a well owner). Furthermore, hydrogeological conditions may result in impacts to the project itself which may require management to ensure serviceability of the civil engineering design (e.g. seasonal high groundwater levels) or to facilitate construction (e.g. construction dewatering).

The following section will identify and address potential risks and impacts associated with the Mayberry Hill Phase 3B development project.

5.1 Ecological Effects

In the southern portion of the Site is a piece of low-lying land which was recently confirmed by the GRCA to be a wetland area. The extents of the wetland area are shown on the conceptual site plan which is provided in Appendix A.

A portion of this area that lies within about 60 m of the railway and within about 360 m of No. 1 Drain is identified by the GRCA to be part of the floodplain of the Boyne Creek catchment area.

The stormwater management design and development plan should be composed in such a way as to minimize disruption to the wetland area and floodplain area. This includes managing peak stormwater runoff flows from the Site and providing suitable energy dissipation to mitigate against erosion by flowing water. It is expected that stormwater released to this area will need to have been adequately treated to address suspended solids and other common constituents of residential and roadway runoff. The stormwater management facility design should thus include consideration for both quality and quantity.

5.2 Stormwater Management and Water Balance Effects

To date, stormwater management design has not been completed for Phase 3B of the Mayberry Hill development. As such, general hydrogeological considerations will be listed herein to provide guidance to the stormwater management design.

Comparing the relative annual rate of recharge in the northern upland area (i.e. the area to be developed with houses) and the wetland area in the southern part of the Site, it seems that it will be important to ensure that the stormwater management design preserves the recharge function of the wetland area. This is especially important now that the ecological study has found the low-lying area to be designated as a wetland.

Because erosion and channelization can cause increased runoff and reduced recharge, to preserve the recharge functionality of the wetland area it is recommended that the stormwater management facility outlet be designed to minimize erosion. This may involve the provision of a dispersed discharge (e.g. flow spreader) in the design of the stormwater management facility outlet. The stormwater management design should also seek to maintain peak runoff flows at pre-development levels.

5.3 Source Protection

A small portion of the northern part of the Site is understood to be designated a WHPA-D of vulnerability score 2. The Table of Drinking Water Threats (2017) indicates that there are no identified activities that constitute a "Significant" drinking water threat in areas designated WHPA-D (2).

The Grand River Source Protection Plan for the Township of Grand Valley (LESPC 2019) does not list particular policies with respect to WHPA-D (2) areas. As such the Source Protection policies do not mandate specific considerations or requirements to be incorporated into the design of Phase 3B. No Risk Management Plans are expected to be required.

5.4 Private Water Wells

The proposed development will be serviced with municipal water and sewer. As such, the potential for impacts to nearby private water wells is minimal with respect to those items.

The greatest risk for impact to private water wells is likely to arise from the effects that stormwater management may have on groundwater resources. A reduction in overall recharge (i.e. due to paving, grading) may result in reduced water quantity available to wells. Infiltration of stormwater, whether intentionally at Low-Impact Development structures or inadvertently at stormwater management detention ponds, may result in the introduction of contaminants into the groundwater supply which may affect the groundwater quality at private wells.

Due to the prevalence of till soils at the Site, it is expected that groundwater quality and quantity effects will be minimal due to the hydraulic separation provided by the thick deposit of soils of low hydraulic conductivity. However, overburden wells (e.g. which draw from sand and gravel seams in the till) may be more susceptible to such effects. Though the risk may still be considered relatively low, it is still of interest to monitor the groundwater quality and quantity at overburden wells that may exist near the Site. It is therefore recommended that the resident at 133181 28-29th Side Road East be invited for inclusion in a groundwater monitoring program.

5.5 Construction Site Dewatering

Depending on the quantity and quality of water encountered, construction site dewatering may require provincial approvals and concomitant monitoring and mitigation measures.

The geotechnical report (LVM 2015) notes that “moderate groundwater inflow” may be expected where excavations intersect saturated granular deposits less than 1.0 m below the groundwater table. To provide more detailed guidance regarding approvals requirements GM BluePlan has completed estimates for construction dewatering (see Appendix G).

Based on the design grades for the adjacent development of Phase 3A, it is anticipated that servicing excavations in Phase 3B may be as deep as 7 m below original ground (e.g. Donaghy Drive south of Lang Lane).

To determine the construction dewatering requirements in greater detail, groundwater flow estimates were completed based on analytical models for groundwater flow as described in Powers et al (2007). The models were set to correspond to a trench 45 m long and 3 m wide.

Two different dewatering cases were estimated to account for the different geological conditions which may be encountered: Case 1 accounted for flow to a deep excavation in till soils; Case 2 accounted for flow to an excavation via a seam of sand and gravel within the till. Because flows may be contributed by the till and by the sand and gravel, the superposition (i.e. sum) of both of these flow cases will also be calculated. Details on calculation assumptions and example calculations are provided in Appendix G.

The results of the construction dewatering estimates indicate expected groundwater flows of about 200,000 L/d (i.e. superposition of Case 1 and Case 2). Therefore, dewatering is likely to exceed 50,000 L/d but is likely to be less than 400,000 L/d. As such, a water-taking approval in the form of a registration with the Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR) will be required. Ontario Regulation 63/16 governs the use and requirements of EASR approvals for construction dewatering.

The requirements include, but are not limited to:

- The need to have a water-taking plan and discharge plan prepared by a Qualified Person and provided to the contractor to be followed for the duration of dewatering activities.
- Notification of the municipality (or municipalities if upper and lower exist) before the start of dewatering.
- Recording of daily water taking volumes which are to be reported by March 31 of the following year.

It is expected that construction dewatering can largely be managed using in-excavation sump pumps. However, where the silty sand and gravel materials are encountered (or expected to be encountered) it may be advantageous to dewater these in advance of excavation by using wellpoints or ejector wells and/or by providing flatter excavation slopes (per the recommendations of LVM 2015).

5.6 Occupiable Subsurface Structures

Occupiable subsurface structures (e.g. basements) are those structures which may be used for habitual human occupancy or for the storage of property and therefore should be protected from risks due to groundwater.

The record of groundwater measurements has shown that groundwater levels have at times risen to be within 1 m of the surface in some parts of the Site (e.g. BH-01-15 and BH-07-15). As such, it is reasonable to expect that some form of protection against moisture intrusion into basements would be required.

Due to the predominance of till on-Site, basements are likely to be seated within material of low hydraulic conductivity. This, along with the provision of positive drainage (i.e. through grading) will greatly reduce the rate of groundwater seepage that occurs near basements and thus limit the amount of water that needs to be handled by the foundation drains and/or sump pump system. Due to these constraints on groundwater seepage, the provision of typical foundation drainage (i.e. per *Ontario Building Code*) is expected to provide adequate protection to basements that are seated within the till. Foundation drains should be discharged according to the municipal design requirements.

In the event that a basement excavation is found to intersect a coarse deposit (e.g. the Sand/Sand and Gravel layer found at BH-06-15), waterproofing may be advantageous to protect against moisture ingress and reduce or eliminate reliance on sump pumping.

6. SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS

A hydrogeological study has been undertaken to support the proposed development of a residential subdivision on a Site forming Parts of Lots 29 and 30, Concession 2 of the Geographic Township of East Luther, Ontario. The hydrogeological system and regulatory setting have been characterized and a hydrogeological impact assessment has been completed. A summary of findings is as follows:

- The Site lies in the western portion of the settlement area of Grand Valley and varies in elevation from about 480 masl (central part) to 470 masl (southern part).
- Groundwater flow in the horizontal plane has been interpreted to be generally westward in the western part of the Site and southward in the southern part of the Site.
- Most of the Site area proposed to be developed with houses is identified as having a high runoff to recharge ratio, mainly due to the topography and the fine-textured surficial soils. This is in contrast to the southernmost part of the Site (just north of the railway) which has a low runoff to recharge ratio by virtue of its flat overall slope and hummocky topography.
- A small portion of the northern part of the Site is designated Wellhead Protection Area "D", Vulnerability 2.

- The geology of the Site consists of a thick deposit of fine-textured (i.e. silt) till overlying bedrock of the Guelph Formation. The till unit features occasional coarse (i.e. silty sand and gravel) seams and/or pockets.
- Groundwater levels on-Site were observed to rise as high as 0.2 m below ground surface (mbgs) at BH-07-15, but at BH-04-15 it remained deeper than 4.0 mbgs.
- Laboratory testing for groundwater quality indicated that groundwater on-Site is typical of the natural geological conditions encountered at the Site.
- A scoped door-to-door well survey was conducted but no response was received from the residence in question.
- A review of Source Protection Policies was conducted, and no “Significant” drinking water threats were identified relevant to the land use in the context of the policy areas in place at the Site. No Risk Management Plans are expected to be required.
- The stormwater management design should include provisions that will mitigate water quality and water quantity impacts to the wetland and floodplain areas downgradient (i.e. in the southernmost portion of the Site). The stormwater management block should be designed and constructed in such a way as to preserve the recharge functionality of the wetland area in the southern part of the Site
- To detect potential groundwater quality or quantity impacts, it is recommended that a well monitoring program be undertaken at 133181 28-29th Side Road East on the condition that the resident/well-owner consents to join the program and that the property is using an overburden well.
- Construction dewatering is expected to exceed 50,000 L/d and an EASR water-taking approval will be required from the MECP.
- Foundation drainage is expected to provide effective protection against groundwater seepage or moisture ingress to basements where till soils predominate. However, where sand and gravel seams are encountered, waterproofing may be advantageous to reduce risk and reduce reliance on sump pumps.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

A hydrogeological study has been completed for the site forming Parts of Lots 29 and 30, Concession 2 of the Geographic Township of East Luther. Based on the information collected to date, the hydrogeological impact assessment of the Site indicates that there are no major obstacles to the development of the Site.

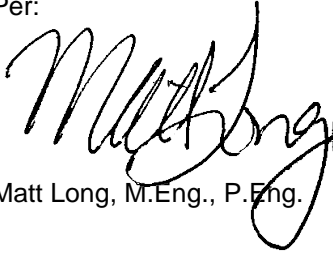
Regarding the hydrogeological conditions and impact assessment of the Site, GMBP make the following recommendations for consideration in design and construction of the development:

- To support construction dewatering, a water-taking approval is recommended to be obtained in the form of a registration via the Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR).
- All monitoring wells and piezometers on-Site are recommended to be decommissioned prior to construction unless they are identified to be of use in future work related to an Environmental Impact Study or ecological monitoring.
- Stormwater management facilities should be designed and constructed in such a way as to preserve the recharge functionality of the wetland area in the southern part of the Site. Stormwater quality and quantity controls should be incorporated into the stormwater management design to mitigate against potential impacts to the wetland area.
This may include, but is not limited to, providing erosion control features and flow dispersion structures to minimize channelization and drainage by runoff and thus encourage recharge in the area.
- Waterproofing (per *Ontario Building Code*) may be required where excavations for basements intersect sand and gravel layers (or seams within the till) below the seasonal high groundwater level.
- To detect potential groundwater quality or quantity impacts, it is recommended that a well monitoring program be undertaken at 133181 28-29th Side Road East on the condition that the resident/well-owner consents to join the program and that the property is using an overburden well.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING LIMITED

Per:

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Matt Long'.

Matt Long, M.Eng., P.Eng.



8. STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

The information in this report is intended for the sole use of Thomasfield Homes. GM BluePlan Engineering Limited accepts no liability for use of this information by third parties. Any decisions made by third parties on the basis of information provided in this report are made at the sole risk of the third parties.

GM BluePlan Engineering Limited cannot guarantee the accuracy or reliability of information provided by others. GM BluePlan Engineering Limited does not accept liability for unknown, unidentified, undisclosed, or unforeseen surface or sub-surface conditions that may be later identified.

The conclusions pertaining to the condition of soils and/or groundwater identified at the site are based on the visual observations at the locations of the investigative boreholes/monitoring wells and on the reported laboratory results for the selected soil and/or groundwater samples. GM BluePlan Engineering Limited cannot guarantee the condition of soil and/or groundwater that may be encountered at the site in locations that were not specifically investigated as part of this investigation.

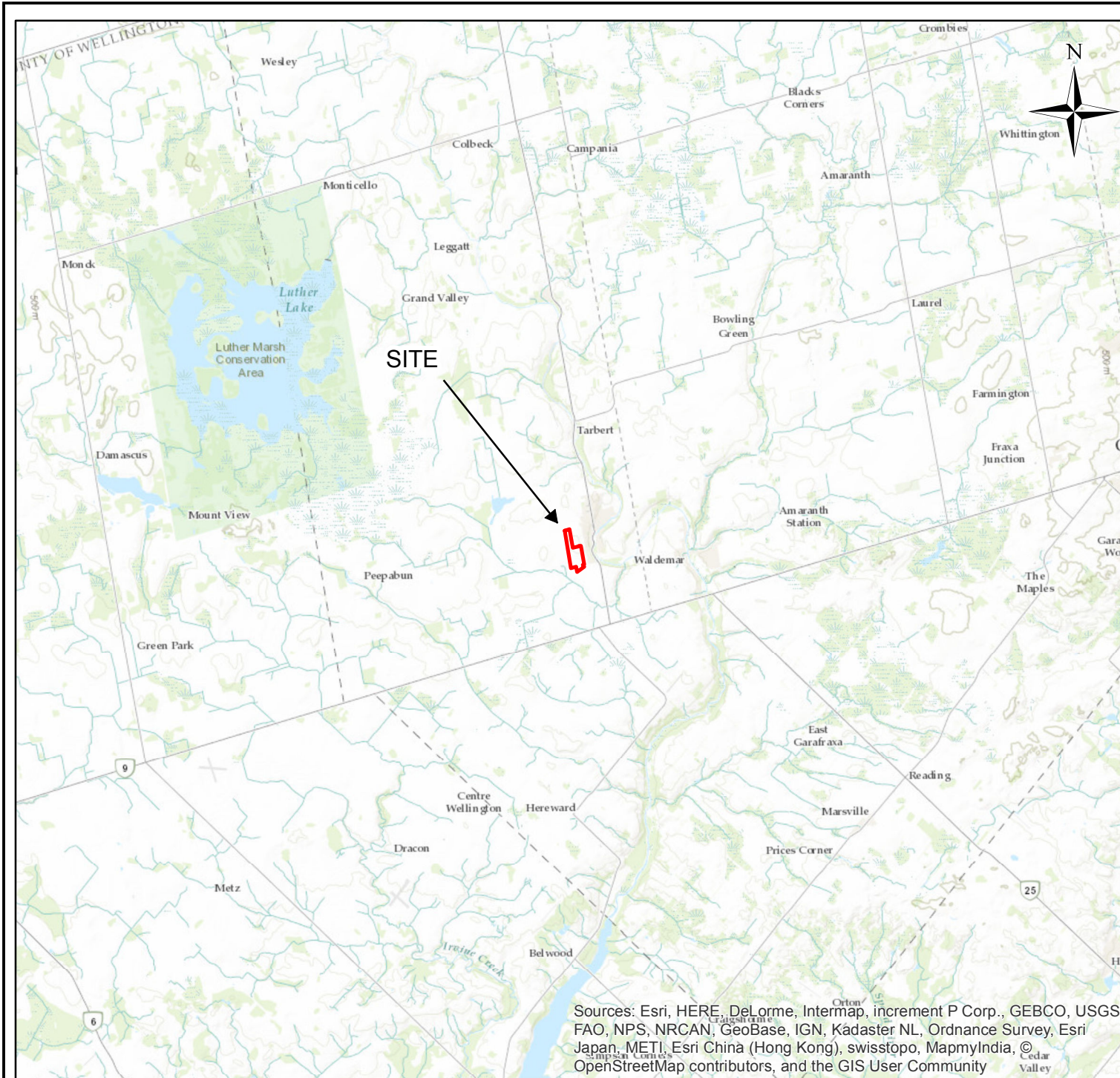
9. REFERENCES

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FIGURES

Project: 115049
 Hydrogeological Study
 Mayberry Hill
 Subdivision
 Phase 3B

Part of Lot 29 & 30
 Concession 2,
 Geo. Twp. of East
 Luther



 Site Boundary

Scale: 1: 150,000
 May, 2019

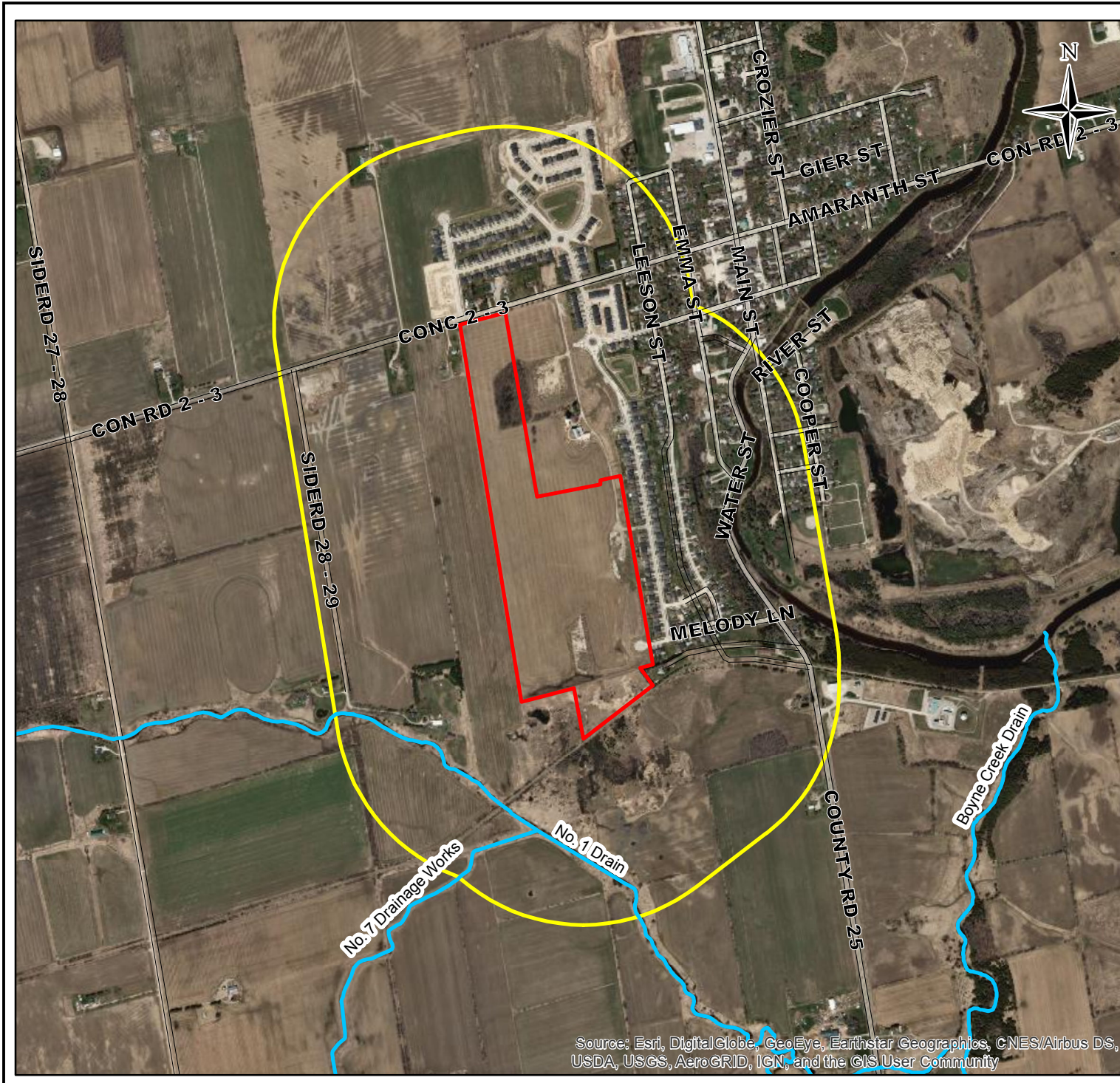
Figure 1 : Site Location

Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swiss topo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Project: 115049
 Hydrogeological Study
 Mayberry Hill
 Subdivision
 Phase 3B

Part of Lot 29 & 30
 Concession 2,
 Geo. Twp. of East
 Luther



— Constructed
 Drain

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— Roads

□ Study Area

□ Site Boundary

Scale: 1: 15,000
 August, 2019

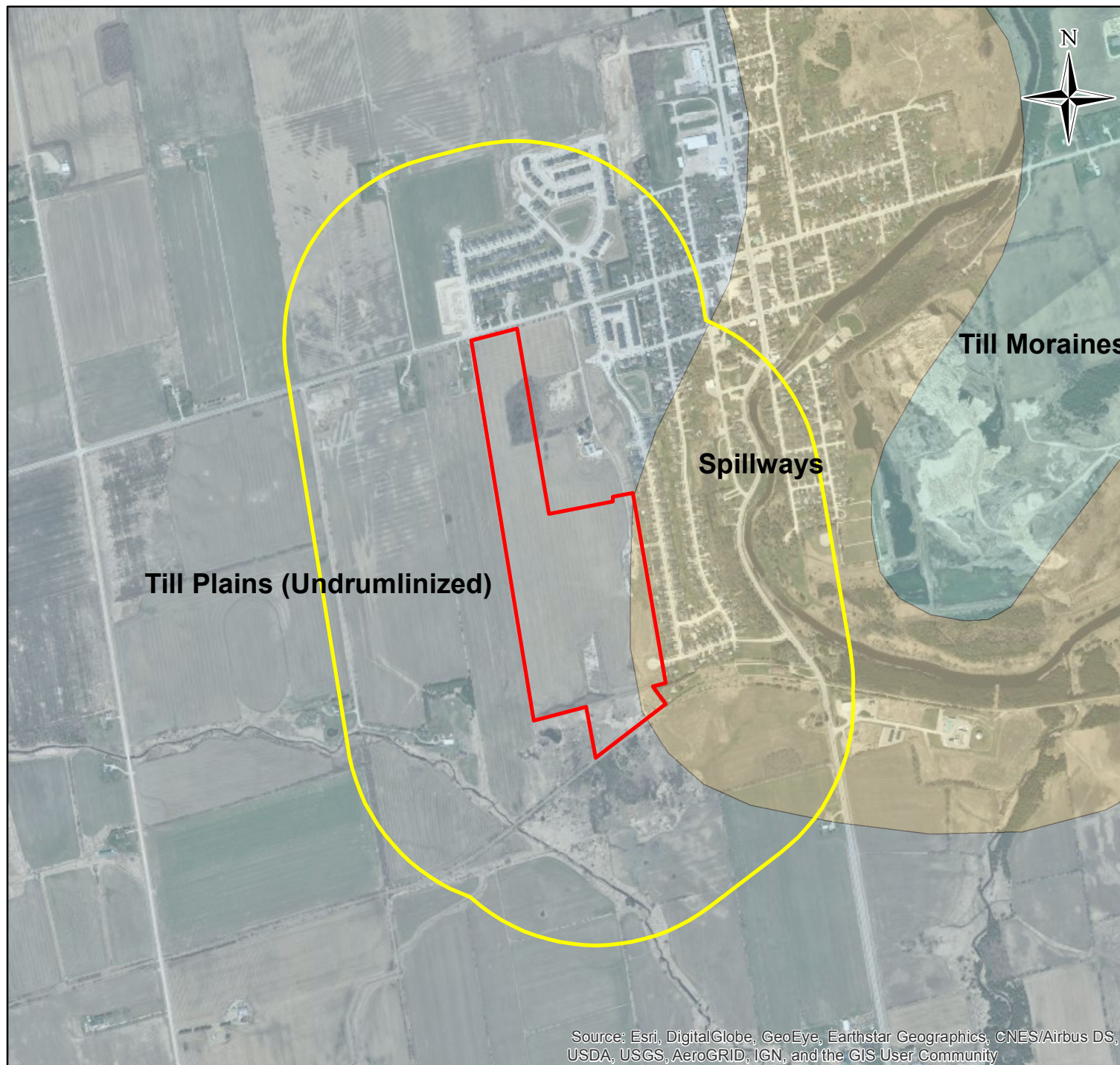
Figure 2: Study Area



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,
 USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community

Project: 115049
Hydrogeological Study
Mayberry Hill
Subdivision
Phase 3B

Part of Lot 29 & 30
Concession 2,
Geo. Twp. of East
Luther



- Study Area
- Site Boundary
- Physiography of Southern Ontario**
- Spillways
- Till Moraines
- Till Plains (Undrumlinize...)

Scale: 1: 15,000
May, 2019

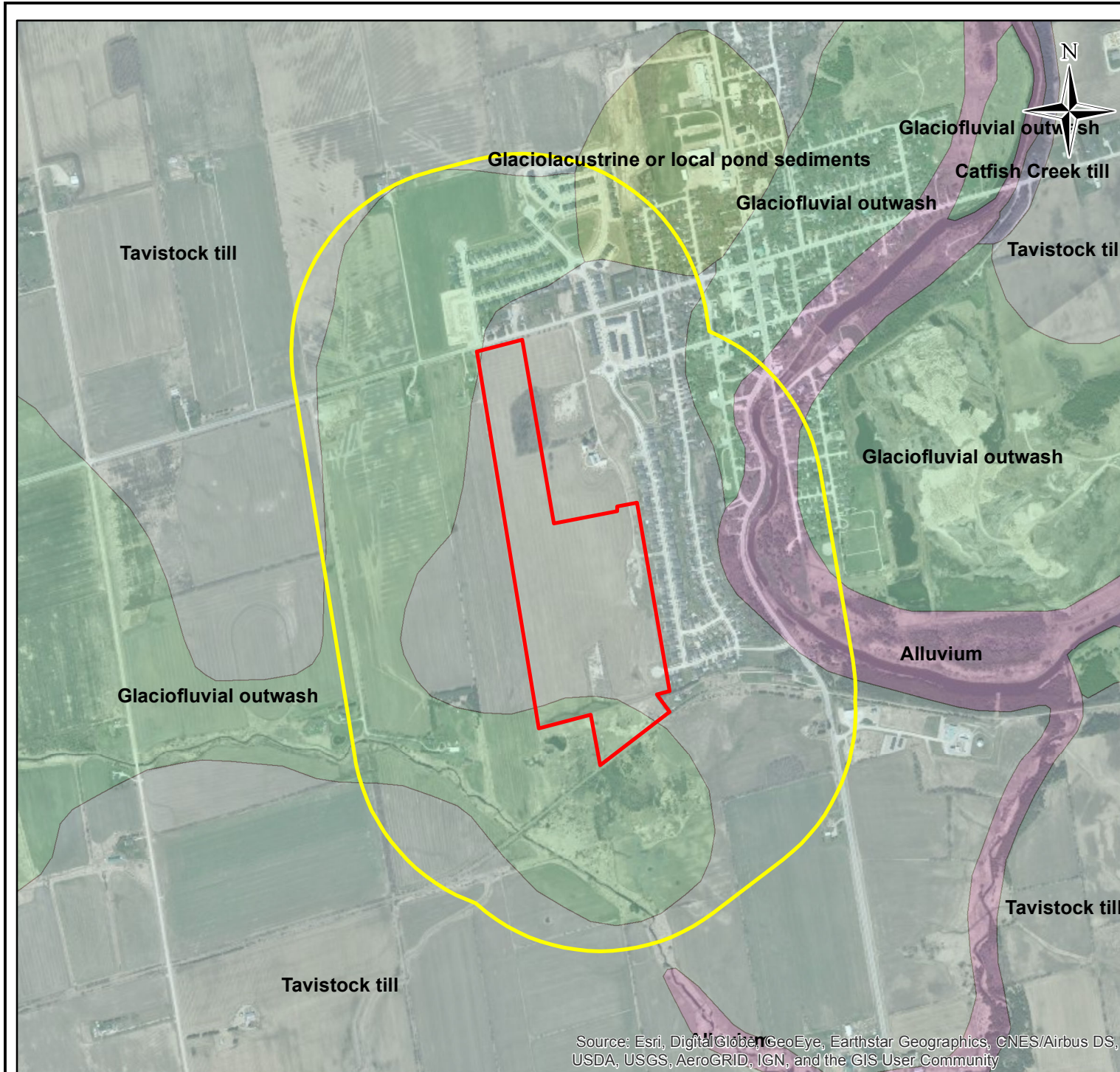
Figure 3: Site Physiography

Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community



Project: 115049
 Hydrogeological Study
 Mayberry Hill
 Subdivision
 Phase 3B

Part of Lot 29 & 30
 Concession 2,
 Geo. Twp. of East
 Luther



- Study Area
- Site Boundary
- Surficial Geology of Ontario**
- Alluvium
- Catfish Creek till
- Glaciofluvial outwash
- Glaciolacustrine... or local pond sediments
- Tavistock till

Scale: 1: 15,000
 May, 2019


Figure 4: Surficial Geology



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community

Project: 115049
Hydrogeological Study
Mayberry Hill
Subdivision
Phase 3B

Part of Lot 29 & 30
Concession 2,
Geo. Twp. of East
Luther

 Study Area

**Vulnerability
Score**

 2

 4

 6

 8

 10

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 Site Boundary

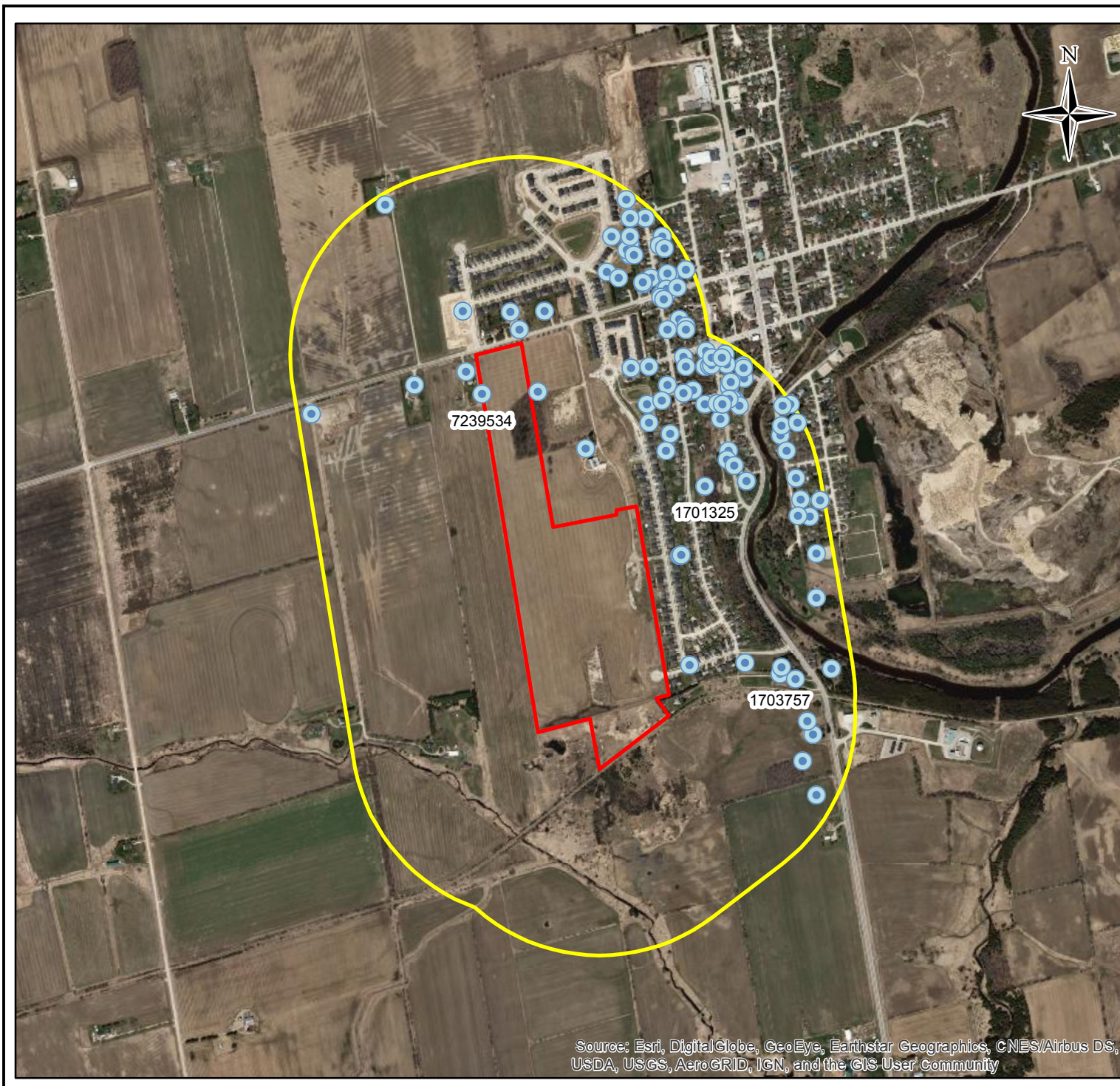
Scale: 1: 15,000

June, 2019

**Figure 5: Well Head Protection
Area Vulnerability Scores**



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,
USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community



Project: 115049
 Hydrogeological Study
 Mayberry Hill
 Subdivision
 Phase 3B

Part of Lot 29 & 30
 Concession 2,
 Geo. Twp. of East
 Luther

● MECP Well
 Records

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▭ Study Area

▭ Site Boundary

Scale: 1: 15,000
 June, 2019

Figure 6: MECP Well Records

Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,
 USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community










PROJECT: 115049
 HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY
 MAYBERRY HILL
 SUBDIVISION
 PHASE 3B
 GRAND VALLEY, ON

PART OF LOT 29 & 30,
 CONCESSION 2
 GEO. TWP. OF
 EAST LUTHER



LEGEND

-  PROPERTY LINE
-  MONITORING WELL (LVM)
-  BOREHOLE (LVM)
-  MECP WELL RECORDS
-  PIEZOMETER
-  GROUNDWATER CONTOUR
-  EXISTING SURFACE CONTOUR

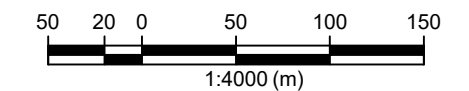
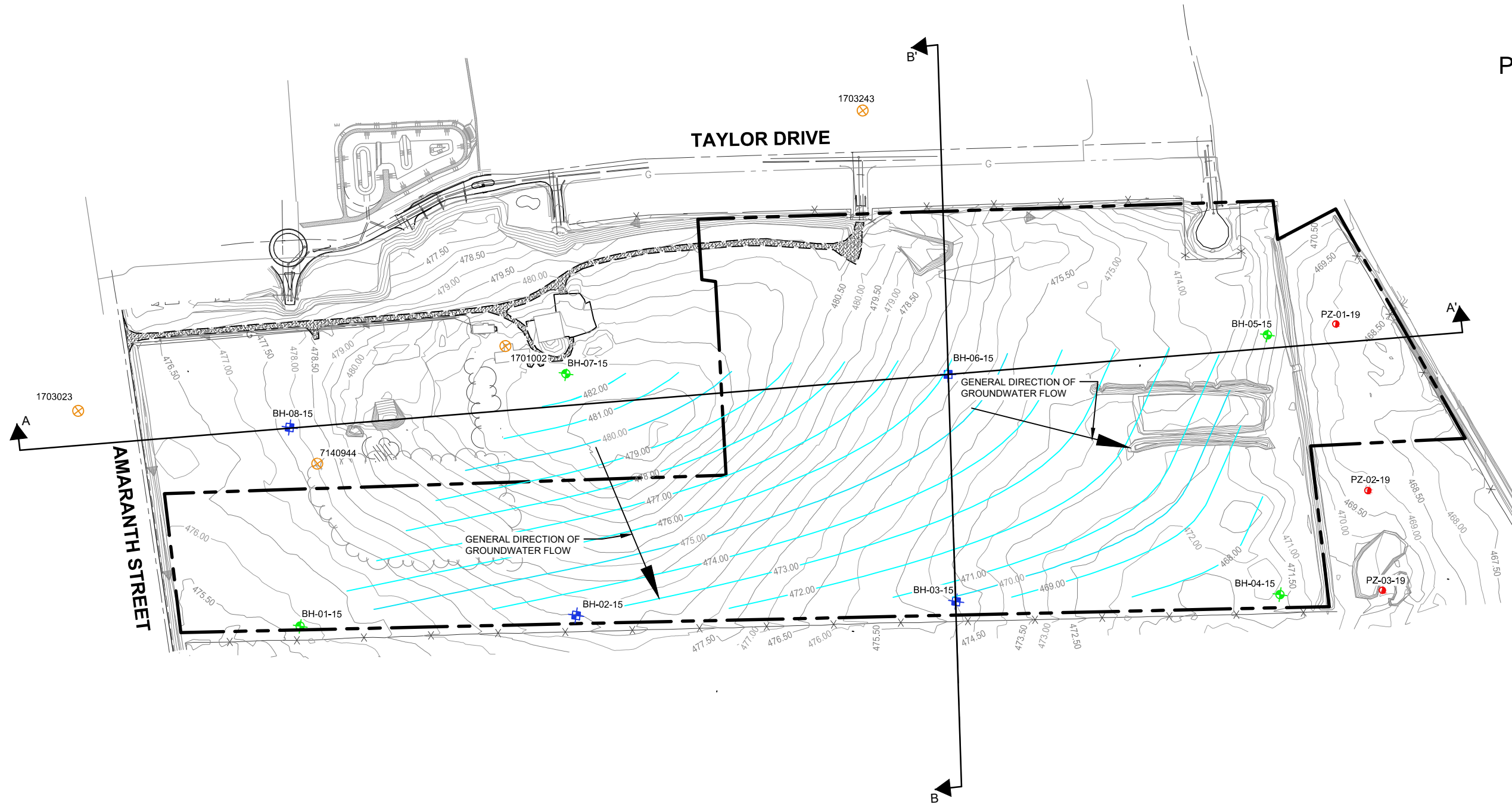


Figure No. 7



118073-2
 AUGUST 2019
 Scale: 1:4000 | NAD 1983 UTM Zone 17N



PROJECT: 115049
 HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY
 MAYBERRY HILL
 SUBDIVISION
 PHASE 3B
 GRAND VALLEY, ON

PART OF LOT 29 & 30,
 CONCESSION 2
 GEO. TWP. OF
 EAST LUTHER

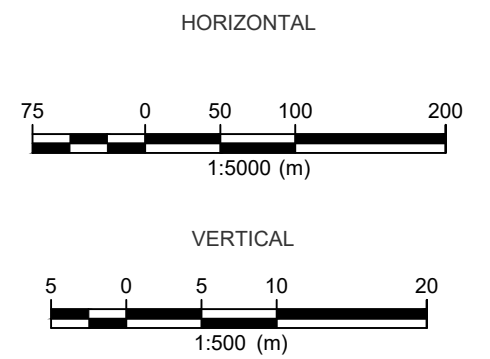
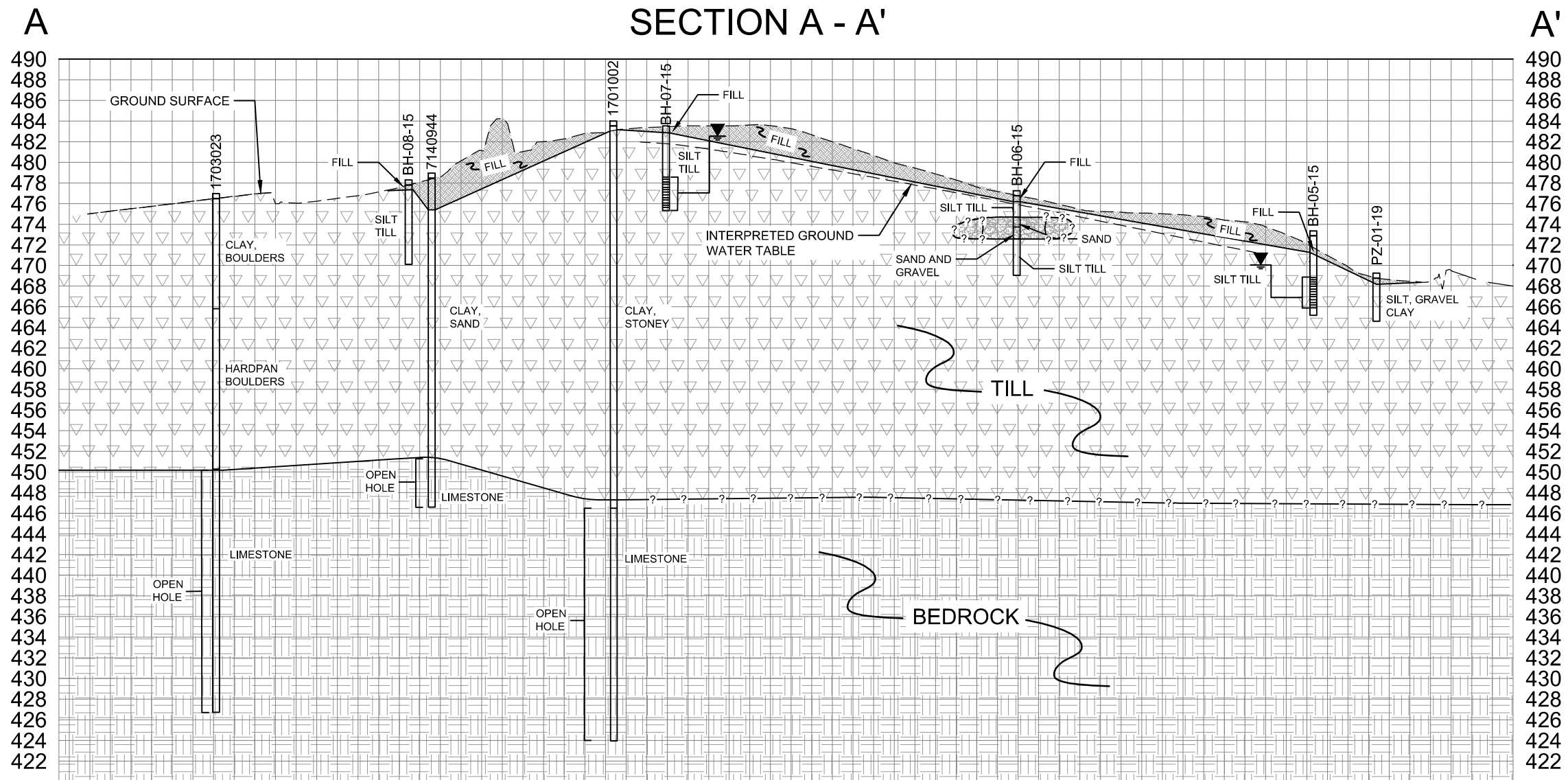


Figure No. 7a



FILE:W:\Guelph\118-2018\118073-2 Mayberry Hill Ph. III Well Monitoring\5 Work In Progress\Drafting\118073 - Hydro Geo Figures.dwg LAYOUT:Figure 7a
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PROJECT: 115049
 HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY
 MAYBERRY HILL
 SUBDIVISION
 PHASE 3B
 GRAND VALLEY, ON

PART OF LOT 29 & 30,
 CONCESSION 2
 GEO. TWP. OF
 EAST LUTHER

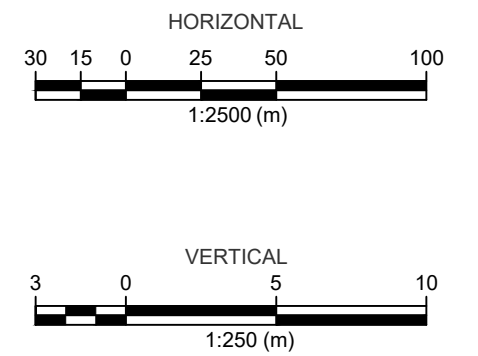
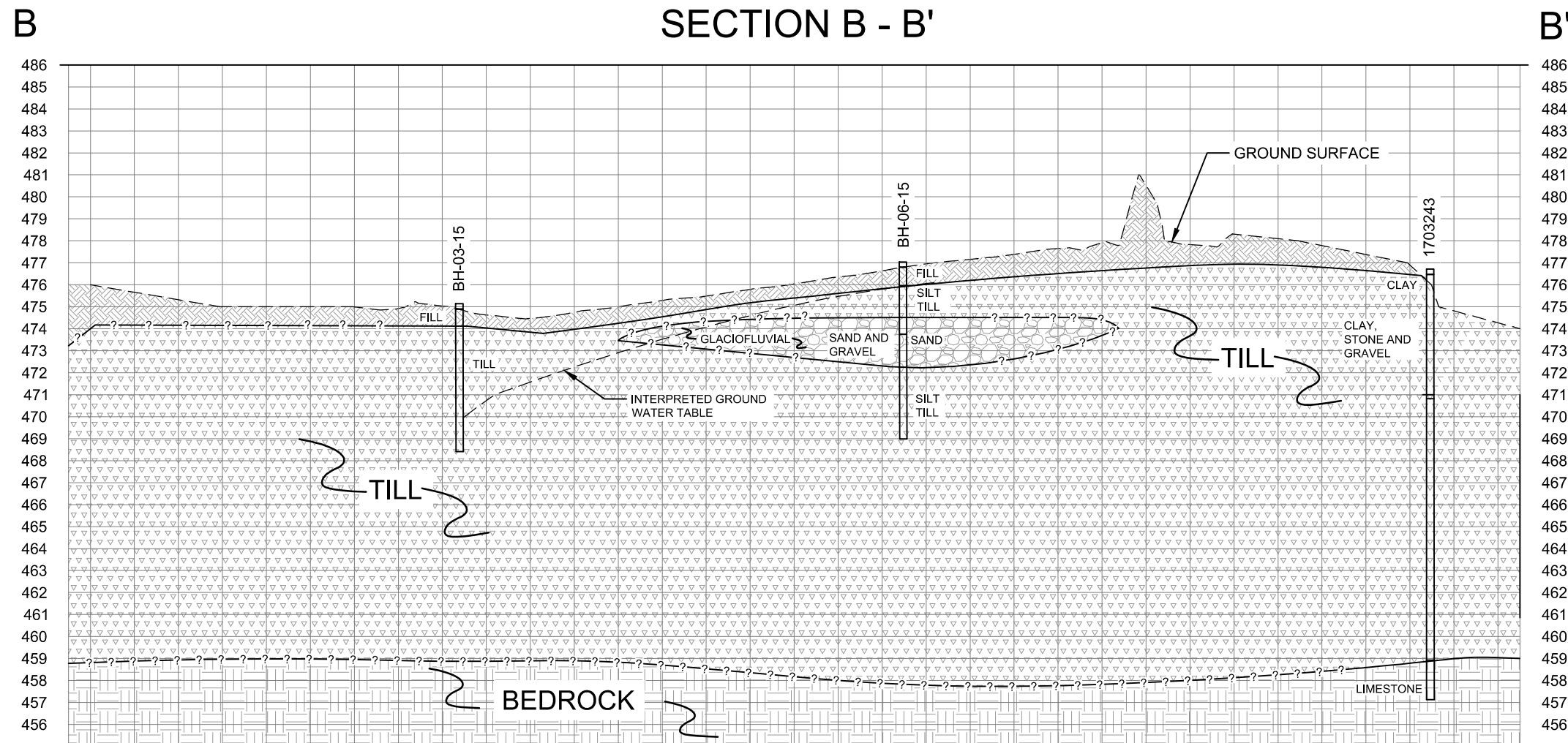


Figure No. 7b



TABLES

Table 1: Summary of Water Well Records

| MOECC Well ID | Address | Lot | Conc. | Easting | Northing | Township | County/ Municipality | Well Use | Bedrock/ Overburden | Depth to Bedrock (m) | Total Depth of Well (m) | Static Water Level (m) | Year Drilled | Notes |
|---|---------|-----|-------|---------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--|
| Wells on Site | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7239534 | | | | 554267 | 4860549 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2015 | No construction details given in record, but presumed to correspond to the four geotechnical monitoring wells drilled by LVM |
| Wells on Neighbouring Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1700206 | | 29 | 3 | 554343 | 4860770 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Livestock | Bedrock | 29.6 | 40.5 | 8.8 | 1952 | |
| 1700207 | | | | 554814 | 4860883 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 21.0 | 32.3 | 8.2 | 1949 | |
| 1700245 | | | | 554791 | 4860836 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.3 | 19.8 | | 1951 | |
| 1700250 | | 30 | 2 | 555140 | 4859670 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 29.6 | 62.2 | 15.2 | 1952 | |
| 1700257 | | | | 555084 | 4860398 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 10.1 | 36.6 | 1.8 | 1955 | |
| 1700259 | | | | 554750 | 4860972 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 17.1 | 30.5 | 7.3 | 1955 | |
| 1700263 | | | | 554655 | 4860936 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 23.2 | 38.1 | 10.1 | 1957 | |
| 1700265 | | | | 554796 | 4860751 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.9 | 32.0 | 6.7 | 1958 | |
| 1700266 | | | | 554761 | 4860831 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 21.0 | 41.1 | 10.1 | 1958 | |
| 1700267 | | | | 554720 | 4860861 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 16.8 | 41.1 | 6.1 | 1959 | |
| 1700268 | | | | 554897 | 4860524 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 6.7 | 22.6 | | 1960 | |
| 1700275 | | | | 554967 | 4860625 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Public | Bedrock | 5.5 | 18.0 | 1.8 | 1963 | |
| 1700276 | | | | 554746 | 4860816 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 32.9 | 51.2 | 14.6 | 1963 | |
| 1700279 | | | | 555068 | 4860439 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 15.2 | 39.6 | 8.2 | 1963 | |
| 1700280 | | | | 555070 | 4859816 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 23.2 | 44.2 | 7.3 | 1964 | |
| 1700281 | | | | 554666 | 4860619 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 23.5 | 42.7 | 12.8 | 1965 | |
| 1700282 | | | | 554666 | 4860619 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 22.6 | 47.9 | 10.7 | 1965 | |
| 1700291 | | | | 554700 | 4860846 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 12.2 | 26.8 | 5.5 | 1966 | |
| 1700294 | | | | 554746 | 4860811 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 15.2 | 29.6 | 7.9 | 1966 | |
| 1700869 | | | | 555094 | 4860523 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 13.1 | 33.5 | 3.7 | 1968 | |
| 1700870 | | | | 554814 | 4860723 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.0 | 30.5 | 4.6 | 1968 | |
| 1700929 | | | | 554654 | 4861073 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.3 | 27.4 | 5.5 | 1968 | |
| 1701002 | | 30 | 2 | 554544 | 4860403 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Livestock | Bedrock | 36.6 | 59.1 | 17.4 | 1969 | |
| 1701027 | | | | 555114 | 4860223 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 13.7 | 70.1 | 0.6 | 1969 | |
| 1701170 | | | | 555164 | 4860003 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 11.6 | 41.1 | | 1970 | |
| 1701171 | | | | 554864 | 4860523 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 7.6 | 16.8 | | 1970 | |
| 1701175 | | | | 554814 | 4860733 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 16.2 | 22.9 | 9.8 | 1970 | |
| 1701208 | | | | 554824 | 4859823 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 29.0 | 54.9 | 4.0 | 1971 | |

Table 1: Summary of Water Well Records

| MOECC Well ID | Address | Lot | Conc. | Easting | Northing | Township | County/ Municipality | Well Use | Bedrock/ Overburden | Depth to Bedrock (m) | Total Depth of Well (m) | Static Water Level (m) | Year Drilled | Notes |
|---|---------|-----|-------|---------|----------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| Wells on Neighbouring Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1701216 | | | | 554704 | 4861023 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 19.8 | 43.3 | 9.1 | 1971 | |
| 1701237 | | | | 555174 | 4860263 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 13.1 | 42.7 | 0.6 | 1971 | |
| 1701246 | | | | 554714 | 4860623 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 22.6 | 44.2 | 12.2 | 1971 | |
| 1701271 | | | | 554924 | 4860373 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 7.0 | 38.1 | | 1971 | |
| 1701272 | | | | 554749 | 4860533 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 22.9 | 51.8 | 10.7 | 1971 | |
| 1701307 | | | | 554674 | 4860923 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 22.3 | 51.8 | 14.3 | 1971 | |
| 1701325 | | | | 554864 | 4860303 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Municipal | Bedrock | 6.7 | 32.3 | | 1972 | |
| 1701385 | | | | 554764 | 4860873 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 17.7 | 23.2 | 9.8 | 1972 | |
| 1701490 | | | | 555164 | 4860123 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 12.5 | 45.7 | | 1973 | |
| 1701494 | | | | 555114 | 4860473 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 9.8 | 42.7 | 0.3 | 1973 | |
| 1701571 | | | | 555147 | 4860222 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 13.1 | 42.7 | 1.5 | 1973 | |
| 1701610 | | | | 554807 | 4860553 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.9 | 45.4 | 9.1 | 1973 | |
| 1701745 | | 30 | 3 | 554601 | 4860877 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 28.3 | 30.5 | 15.2 | 1974 | |
| 1701756 | | | | 554814 | 4860623 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 42.1 | 45.7 | 5.5 | 1974 | |
| 1701930 | | | | 554743 | 4860948 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 21.6 | 24.1 | 12.2 | 1975 | |
| 1701998 | | | | 554664 | 4860923 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 23.2 | 32.3 | 13.1 | 1975 | |
| 1701999 | | | | 554664 | 4860973 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 23.2 | 31.7 | 12.5 | 1975 | |
| 1702046 | | | | 554764 | 4860723 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 23.2 | 42.4 | 12.2 | 1975 | |
| 1702129 | | 29 | 3 | 554214 | 4860773 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 28.0 | 36.6 | 8.2 | 1976 | |
| 1702195 | | | | 554664 | 4861023 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 24.7 | 53.0 | 13.7 | 1976 | |
| 1702196 | | | | 554614 | 4860973 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 24.4 | 55.2 | 13.7 | 1976 | |
| 1702197 | | | | 554664 | 4860953 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 25.6 | 54.6 | 13.7 | 1976 | |
| 1702198 | | | | 554664 | 4860923 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 25.0 | 54.9 | 13.7 | 1974 | |
| 1702239 | | | | 554864 | 4860623 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 8.2 | 79.2 | 1.5 | 1976 | |
| 1702261 | | 30 | 1 | 555164 | 4859473 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 29.3 | 31.7 | 9.1 | 1976 | |
| 1702334 | | 30 | 2 | 554714 | 4860473 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 22.6 | 54.9 | 14.6 | 1977 | |
| 1702378 | | 30 | 2 | 554764 | 4860573 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 19.8 | 56.4 | 7.0 | 1977 | |
| 1702501 | | | | 554764 | 4860823 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 13.4 | 64.0 | 9.4 | 1978 | |
| 1703023 | | 30 | 3 | 554434 | 4860773 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 26.2 | 49.7 | 13.7 | 1984 | |
| 1703112 | | 31 | 2 | 555074 | 4860518 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 6.4 | 31.4 | 0.9 | 1984 | |
| 1703113 | | 30 | 2 | 554770 | 4860869 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.0 | 25.0 | 11.3 | 1984 | |
| 1703188 | | 30 | 3 | 554698 | 4860850 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 21.9 | 85.3 | 14.6 | 1985 | |
| 1703243 | | 30 | 2 | 554801 | 4860117 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 17.7 | 27.4 | 9.4 | 1986 | |

Table 1: Summary of Water Well Records

| MOECC Well ID | Address | Lot | Conc. | Easting | Northing | Township | County/ Municipality | Well Use | Bedrock/ Overburden | Depth to Bedrock (m) | Total Depth of Well (m) | Static Water Level (m) | Year Drilled | Notes |
|---|----------------|-----|-------|---------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|
| Wells on Neighbouring Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1703297 | | 30 | 2 | 554808 | 4860649 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 19.2 | 29.6 | 8.5 | 1986 | |
| 1703416 | | 30 | 2 | 554772 | 4860442 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 24.4 | 53.0 | 11.9 | 1987 | |
| 1703417 | | 29 | 3 | 554367 | 4860723 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 29.9 | 46.9 | 11.0 | 1987 | |
| 1703418 | | | | 554760 | 4860398 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 24.7 | 33.5 | 13.7 | 1987 | |
| 1703541 | | 29 | 2 | 554085 | 4860573 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 28.7 | 75.3 | 1.5 | 1987 | |
| 1703542 | | 29 | 2 | 554223 | 4860609 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 30.2 | 56.4 | 13.1 | 1987 | |
| 1703661 | | 30 | 2 | 554923 | 4860629 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Commerical | Bedrock | 9.8 | 32.0 | 3.7 | 1988 | |
| 1703662 | | 30 | 2 | 554882 | 4860627 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 14.3 | 33.5 | 5.2 | 1988 | |
| 1703743 | | 30 | 2 | 554833 | 4860560 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.9 | 53.3 | 12.2 | 1988 | |
| 1703745 | | 30 | 2 | 554928 | 4860398 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Commerical | Bedrock | 9.8 | 39.6 | | 1988 | |
| 1703756 | | 30 | 2 | 554972 | 4859828 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Public | Bedrock | 28.7 | 56.4 | 11.9 | 1988 | |
| 1703757 | | 30 | 2 | 555066 | 4859799 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Municipal | Bedrock | 26.5 | 116.4 | 9.8 | 1988 | |
| 1703817 | | 31 | 2 | 555205 | 4859812 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 11.3 | 20.4 | 5.8 | 1988 | |
| 1703819 | | 30 | 3 | 554761 | 4860869 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.9 | 29.0 | 9.4 | 1988 | |
| 1703968 | | 30 | 3 | 554756 | 4860942 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 18.6 | 61.9 | 10.1 | 1989 | |
| 1704827 | | 30 | 2 | 554970 | 4860593 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | 5.5 | 77.7 | | 1994 | |
| 1705628 | | 29 | 2 | 553808 | 4860497 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Not Used | Overburden | | 14.3 | | 2000 | |
| 1705632 | | 29 | 2 | 553808 | 4860497 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Observation | Bedrock | 26.4 | 28.7 | 4.6 | 2000 | |
| 1706116 | | 30 | 2 | 554797 | 4860116 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Not Used | | | | | 2003 | |
| 1706236 | | 30 | 2 | 554919 | 4860657 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2003 | |
| 7039134 | | | | 554976 | 4860317 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Not Used | Overburden | | 8.0 | | 2006 | |
| 7039991 | | 2 | 30 | 554934 | 4860582 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Not Used | Overburden | | 5.2 | | 2006 | |
| 7040138 | | 2 | 30 | 554934 | 4860582 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2006 | |
| 7052194 | | 29 | 3 | 554006 | 4861059 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 30.2 | 73.2 | 15.8 | 2007 | |
| 7122086 | | 30 | 2 | 554931 | 4860567 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Monitoring | | | 3.7 | | 2008 | |
| 7122087 | | 30 | 2 | 554912 | 4860522 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2008 | |
| 7122088 | | 30 | 2 | 554939 | 4860535 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2008 | |
| 7122089 | | 30 | 2 | 554907 | 4860482 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2008 | |
| 7134264 | 115 Main St | | | 555070 | 4860466 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2009 | |
| 7139106 | 173146 C.R. 25 | 30 | 2 | 555156 | 4859636 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | 3.0 | 2009 | |
| 7140944 | | 30 | 2 | 554417 | 4860555 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Domestic | Bedrock | 27.1 | 32.0 | | 2009 | |
| 7142416 | | | | 554976 | 4860317 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | 8.0 | | 2010 | |
| 7143021 | | 30 | 2 | 554710 | 4860523 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Monitoring | Overburden | | 7.6 | | 2010 | |

Table 1: Summary of Water Well Records

| MOECC Well ID | Address | Lot | Conc. | Easting | Northing | Township | County/Municipality | Well Use | Bedrock/Overburden | Depth to Bedrock (m) | Total Depth of Well (m) | Static Water Level (m) | Year Drilled | Notes |
|---|-------------------|-----|-------|---------|----------|----------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Wells on Neighbouring Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7150499 | | | | 555110 | 4860323 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Not Used | | | | | 2010 | |
| 7154974 | | | | 554969 | 4860621 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2010 | |
| 7154975 | 4 Parkview Dr. | | | 555122 | 4860266 | GRAND VALLEY VILLAGE | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2010 | |
| 7161608 | | 30 | 2 | 555108 | 4859783 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2010 | |
| 7183895 | | | | 554929 | 4860537 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Monitoring | Overburden | | 4.3 | | 2012 | |
| 7183896 | Water and William | | | 554957 | 4860519 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2012 | |
| 7186072 | | 30 | 2 | 554754 | 4860805 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | 12.2 | 2012 | |
| 7188516 | | | | 554946 | 4860532 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Monitoring | Overburden | | 6.5 | | 2012 | |
| 7188594 | | | | 554884 | 4860648 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2012 | No construction details |
| 7203991 | | | | 554910 | 4860648 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2013 | No construction details |
| 7205374 | | | | 554918 | 4860654 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2012 | No construction details |
| 7225112 | | | | 554878 | 4860625 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2013 | No construction details |
| 7227475 | | | | 554869 | 4860666 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2014 | No construction details |
| 7239534 | | | | 554267 | 4860549 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | | | | | | 2015 | No construction details |
| 7248376 | | | | 554943 | 4860358 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Alteration | | | | | 2015 | Casing extension |
| 7258497 | 173146 Water St. | 30 | 2 | 555127 | 4859565 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Monitoring | | | 13.7 | | 2016 | |
| 7262305 | | | | 554634 | 4860862 | EAST LUTHER TOWNSHIP | DUFFERIN | Abandoned | | | | | 2015 | |

Table 2: Groundwater Levels

| Piezo. ID (--) | TOC Elev. (masl) | Ground Elev. (masl) | Screen | | Piezometer Water Level | | Max Recorded WL | |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | Bottom Elev. (masl) | Length (m) | Depth (mbgs) | Elev. (masl) | Depth (mbgs) | Elev. (masl) |
| BH-01-15 | 477.018 | 475.996 | 470.0 | 3.3 | 1.328 | 474.668 | 1.057 | 474.939 |
| BH-04-15 | 472.989 | 472.023 | 466.0 | 3.3 | 4.359 | 467.664 | 4.163 | 467.860 |
| BH-05-15 | 472.853 | 472.029 | 466.0 | 3.3 | 1.986 | 470.043 | 1.778 | 470.251 |
| BH-07-15 | 484.206 | 483.314 | 475.7 | 3.3 | 0.798 | 482.516 | 0.14 | 483.174 |
| PZ-01-19 | 468.828 | 467.885 | 466.685 | 0.6 | 0.077 | 467.808 | | |
| PZ-02-19 | 469.068 | 467.948 | 466.748 | 0.9 | -0.01 | 467.958 | | |
| PZ-03-19 | 468.994 | 468.164 | 467.214 | 0.9 | 0.03 | 468.134 | | |

Water levels measured on May 13, 2019

mbgs - metres below ground surface

masl - metres above Sea Level

Elev. - Elevation

WL - Water Level



Table 3a: Results of Groundwater Quality Analyses - General Chemistry and Organic Parameters

| | Sample ID | BH-01-15 | BH-04-15 | BH-05-15 | BH-07-15 | PZ-01-19 | PZ-03-19 | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | Sample Description | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | |
| | Screened Interval (m asl) | 469.77 - 472.82 | 465.71 - 468.76 | 465.88 - 468.93 | 475.62 - 478.67 | 466.69 - 467.29 | 467.21 - 468.11 | |
| | Sampling Date | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | |
| Parameters | Criteria 1 | Concentration | | | | | | |
| | ODWS MAC | Criteria 2 PWQO | | | | | | |
| Bicarb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO ₃) (mg/L) | | 240 | 270 | 250 | 230 | 240 | 350 | |
| Calculated TDS (mg/L) | | 450 | 360 | 350 | 310 | 260 | 360 | |
| Carb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO ₃) (mg/L) | | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 2.5 | |
| Hardness (CaCO ₃) (mg/L) | | 370 | 340 | 290 | 250 | 260 | 370 | |
| Total Ammonia-N (mg/L) | | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | |
| Conductivity (umho/cm) | | 720 | 630 | 610 | 570 | 480 | 640 | |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (mg/L) | | 1.8 | 0.84 | 1.6 | 0.85 | 3.2 | 3.3 | |
| Orthophosphate (P) (mg/L) | | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | |
| pH (pH) | | 6.5:8.5 | 8.03 | 7.99 | 7.98 | 8.18 | 7.99 | 7.88 |
| Dissolved Sulphate (SO ₄) (mg/L) | | 140 | 27 | 35 | 38 | 4 | <1.0 | |
| Alkalinity (Total as CaCO ₃) (mg/L) | | 240 | 270 | 250 | 230 | 240 | 350 | |
| Dissolved Chloride (Cl ⁻) (mg/L) | | 5.6 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 9.9 | 1.9 | |
| Nitrite (N) (mg/L) | 1 | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | 0.016 | <0.010 | |
| Nitrate (N) (mg/L) | 10 | <0.10 | 5.62 | 2.97 | 0.39 | 0.1 | <0.10 | |
| Nitrate + Nitrite (N) (mg/L) | 10 | <0.10 | 5.62 | 2.97 | 0.39 | 0.12 | <0.10 | |

Notes:

1. Criteria are from the *Ontario Drinking Water Standards* Maximum Acceptable Concentration (Criteria 1) and the *Provincial Water Quality Objectives* (Criteria 2). Criteria are indicated by:

White Text for Criteria 1, *Italics* for Criteria 2

- Criteria and concentrations are given in units consistent with the units listed for the associated parameter.
- Concentrations with bold, italic, or underlined text in shaded cells exceed the corresponding criteria.
- Screened well intervals presented are approximate.
- represents sample parameters that were not analyzed; ~ = No value specified.
- Maxxam Laboratory job number: B9C8765

Table 3b: Results of Groundwater Quality Analyses - Metals Parameters

| | Sample ID | BH-01-15 | BH-04-15 | BH-05-15 | BH-07-15 | PZ-01-19 | PZ-03-19 | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| | Sample Description | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | Groundwater | |
| | Screened Interval (m asl) | 469.77 - 472.82 | 465.71 - 468.76 | 465.88 - 468.93 | 475.62 - 478.67 | 466.69 - 467.29 | 467.21 - 468.11 | |
| | Sampling Date | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | 2019-05-13 | |
| Parameters | Criteria 1 | Criteria 2 | Concentration | | | | | |
| | ODWS MAC | PWQO | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Aluminum (Al) (ug/L)* | | 75 | <u>110</u> | <5.0 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 22 | 15 |
| Dissolved Antimony (Sb) (ug/L) | | 20 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 |
| Dissolved Arsenic (As) (ug/L) | | 100 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | 1.4 |
| Dissolved Barium (Ba) (ug/L) | 1000 | | 77 | 61 | 79 | 79 | 15 | 18 |
| Dissolved Beryllium (Be) (ug/L)* | | 1100 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 |
| Dissolved Boron (B) (ug/L) | | 200 | 56 | 12 | 43 | 43 | <10 | <10 |
| Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) (ug/L) | 5 | 0.2 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| Dissolved Calcium (Ca) (ug/L) | | | 74000 | 80000 | 64000 | 64000 | 74000 | 110000 |
| Dissolved Chromium (Cr) (ug/L) | 50 | 8.9 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 |
| Dissolved Cobalt (Co) (ug/L) | | 0.9 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | 1.8 |
| Dissolved Copper (Cu) (ug/L) | | 5 | 1.7 | <1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | <1.0 | 1 |
| Dissolved Iron (Fe) (ug/L) | | 300 | 120 | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 |
| Dissolved Lead (Pb) (ug/L)* | 10 | 25 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 |
| Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) (ug/L) | | | 44000 | 34000 | 31000 | 31000 | 19000 | 21000 |
| Dissolved Manganese (Mn) (ug/L) | | | 89 | <2.0 | 5.8 | 5.8 | <2.0 | 2000 |
| Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) (ug/L) | | 40 | 5.8 | 0.58 | 3 | 3 | <0.50 | <0.50 |
| Dissolved Nickel (Ni) (ug/L) | | 25 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | 2.3 |
| Dissolved Phosphorus (P) (ug/L) | | 10 | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 |
| Dissolved Potassium (K) (ug/L) | | | 3700 | 1400 | 3100 | 3100 | 220 | 1300 |
| Dissolved Selenium (Se) (ug/L) | 10 | 100 | <2.0 | <2.0 | <2.0 | <2.0 | <2.0 | <2.0 |
| Dissolved Silicon (Si) (ug/L) | | | 4200 | 5000 | 4400 | 4400 | 1900 | 2700 |
| Dissolved Silver (Ag) (ug/L) | | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| Dissolved Sodium (Na) (ug/L) | 20000 | | 21000 | 6400 | 22000 | 22000 | 3000 | 910 |
| Dissolved Strontium (Sr) (ug/L) | | | 510 | 160 | 400 | 400 | 84 | 130 |
| Dissolved Thallium (Tl) (ug/L) | | 0.3 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 | <0.050 |
| Dissolved Titanium (Ti) (ug/L) | | | 5.1 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 |
| Dissolved Uranium (U) (ug/L) | 20 | 5 | 6.2 | 1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 0.61 | 0.31 |
| Dissolved Vanadium (V) (ug/L) | | 6 | 0.57 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 | <0.50 |
| Dissolved Zinc (Zn) (ug/L) | | 30 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 |

Notes:

1. Criteria are from the *Ontario Drinking Water Standards* Maximum Acceptable Concentration (Criteria 1) and the *Provincial Water Quality Objectives* (Criteria 2). Criteria are indicated by:

White Text for Criteria 1, *Italics* for Criteria 2

2. Criteria and concentrations are given in units consistent with the units listed for the associated parameter.

3. Concentrations with bold, italic, or underlined text in shaded cells exceed the corresponding criteria.

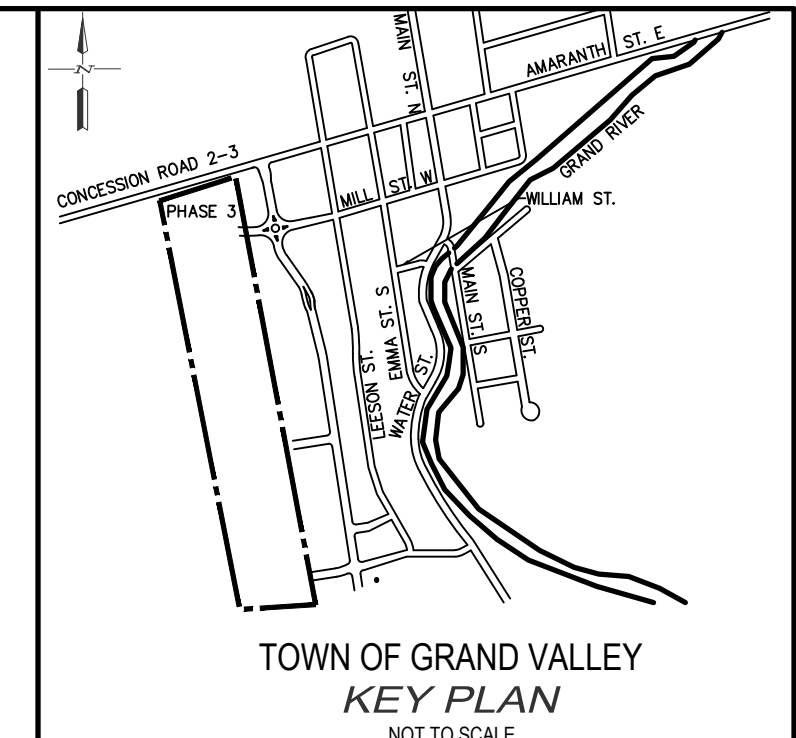
4. Screened well intervals presented are approximate.

5. ---- represents sample parameters that were not analyzed; ~ = No value specified.

6. Maxxam Laboratory job number: B9C8765

* - Criterion selected based on pH, Hardness, Alkalinity or some other parameter, as per *Water Management: Policies, Guidelines, Provincial Water Quality Objectives. July 1994*.

**APPENDIX A:
CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN**



- NOTES:
1. TOPOGRAPHIC AND EXISTING FEATURES SURVEY COMPLETED BY GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING ON APRIL 30, 2018. ADDITIONAL TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY OF BOYNE CREEK AND THE UPPER GRAND TRAILWAY COMPLETED BY GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING ON NOVEMBER 25, 2019.
 2. DRAFT PLAN PREPARED BY ASTRID J CLOS PLANNING CONSULTANTS, DATED OCTOBER 31, 2019.
 3. EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE INVERT INFORMATION PROVIDED BY GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING AS RECORDED DRAWINGS, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, AND 17 DATED APRIL 28, 2014.

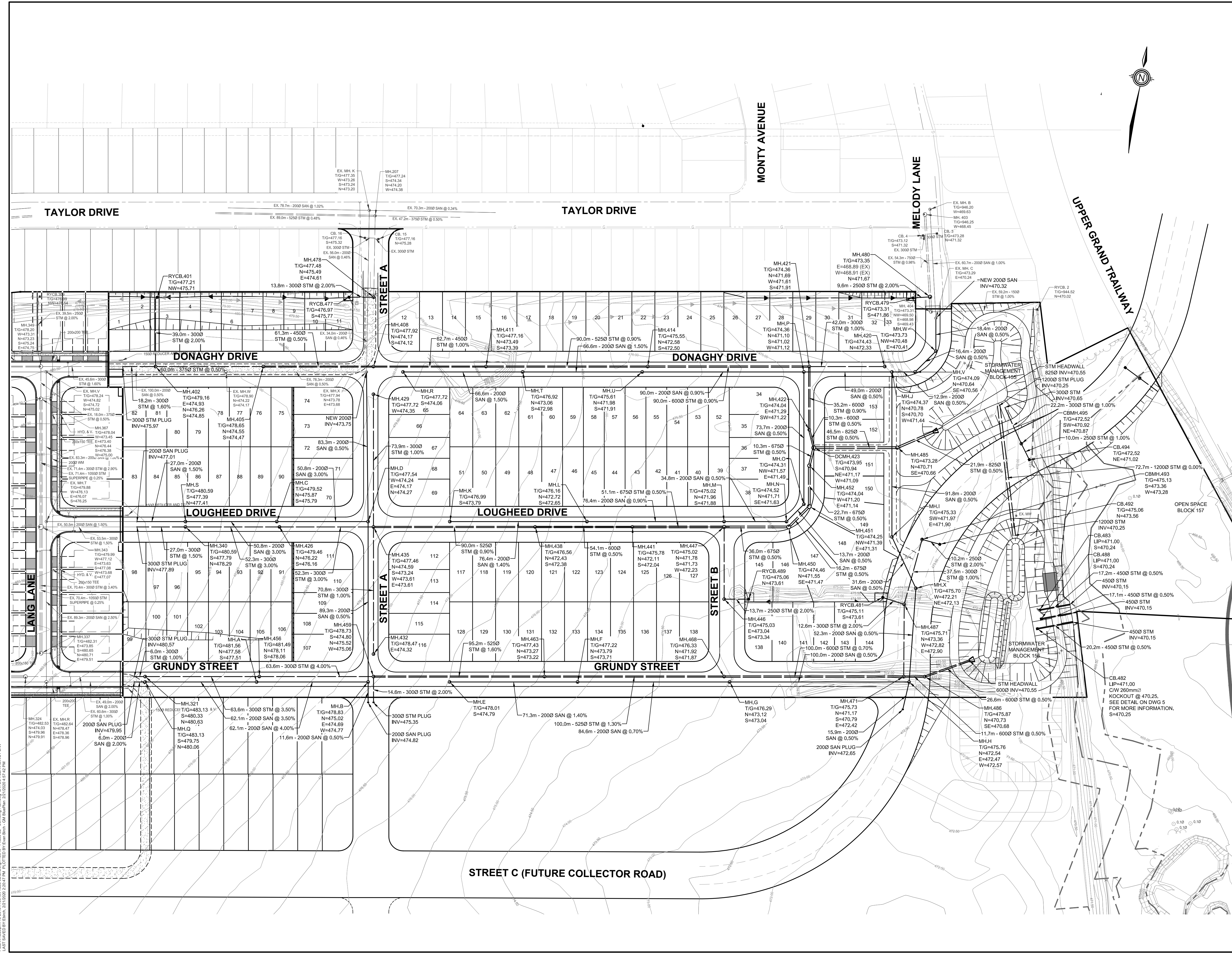
- BENCH MARKS:
- STATION: 00E1978643 - ELEV: 473.85m
TWO STOREY BRICK AND ALUMINUM SIDING HOUSE ON EAST SIDE OF HWY 25 AND NORTH SIDE OF FIE RD. 0.8m NORTH OF THE ROYAL BANK AT GRAND VALLEY. 13.0m NORTH OF CENTERLINE OF HWY 25. 30.3m EAST OF CENTERLINE OF HWY 25. TAB LEFT IS SET HORIZONTALLY IN WEST FACE OF CONCRETE FOUNDATION. 3.8m SOUTH OF N.W. CORNER 18m BELOW BROWKWORK AND 18m ABOVE GROUND LEVEL.
- STATION: 00E1978644 - ELEV: 472.81m
TWO STOREY RED BRICK HOUSE ON WEST SIDE OF HWY 25. 1.2m SOUTH OF ROYAL BANK AT GRAND VALLEY. 1.5m NORTH OF WEST END OF HWY 25 AND 1.8m WEST OF CENTERLINE OF HWY 25. TABLE IS SET HORIZONTALLY IN SOUTH FACE OF STONE FOUNDATION. 51m EAST OF S.W. CORNER. 16m BELOW BROWKWORK AND 11m ABOVE GROUND LEVEL.
- THE POSITION OF POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS AND, WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED.
- BEFORE STARTING WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM HIMSELF OF THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES, AND SHALL ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR ANY DAMAGE TO THEM.

| NO. | DATE | REVISION DESCRIPTION | CHKD |
|-----|------|--------------------------------|--------|
| 1 | | ISSUED FOR DRAFT PLAN APPROVAL | A.E.K. |



MAYBERRY HILL SUBDIVISION
PHASE 3B
THOMASFIELD HOMES LTD
TOWN OF GRAND VALLEY
CONCEPTUAL SERVICING PLAN

| DRAWN BY: | APPROVED BY: | PROJECT NO.: | DRAWING NO.: |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| E.B. | A.E.K. | 115049 | 3 |
| DESIGNED BY: | DATE: | SCALE: | |
| A.E.K. | NOVEMBER 2019 | 1:1000 | |



FILE: C:\Users\edwin\OneDrive\Documents\Projects\20190920_2200 STW PLAN FACILITY\DWG\CONCEPTUAL SERVICING PLAN.dwg
 LAST MODIFIED BY: Edwin, 20191020 10:20:27 AM, FACILITY: DWG, PROJECT: 20190920_2200 STW PLAN

**APPENDIX B:
BOREHOLE LOGS AND GRAIN SIZE DATA FROM LVM STUDY**



Ground Elevation: 475.87 m

Borehole Number: BH-01-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-01-29

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

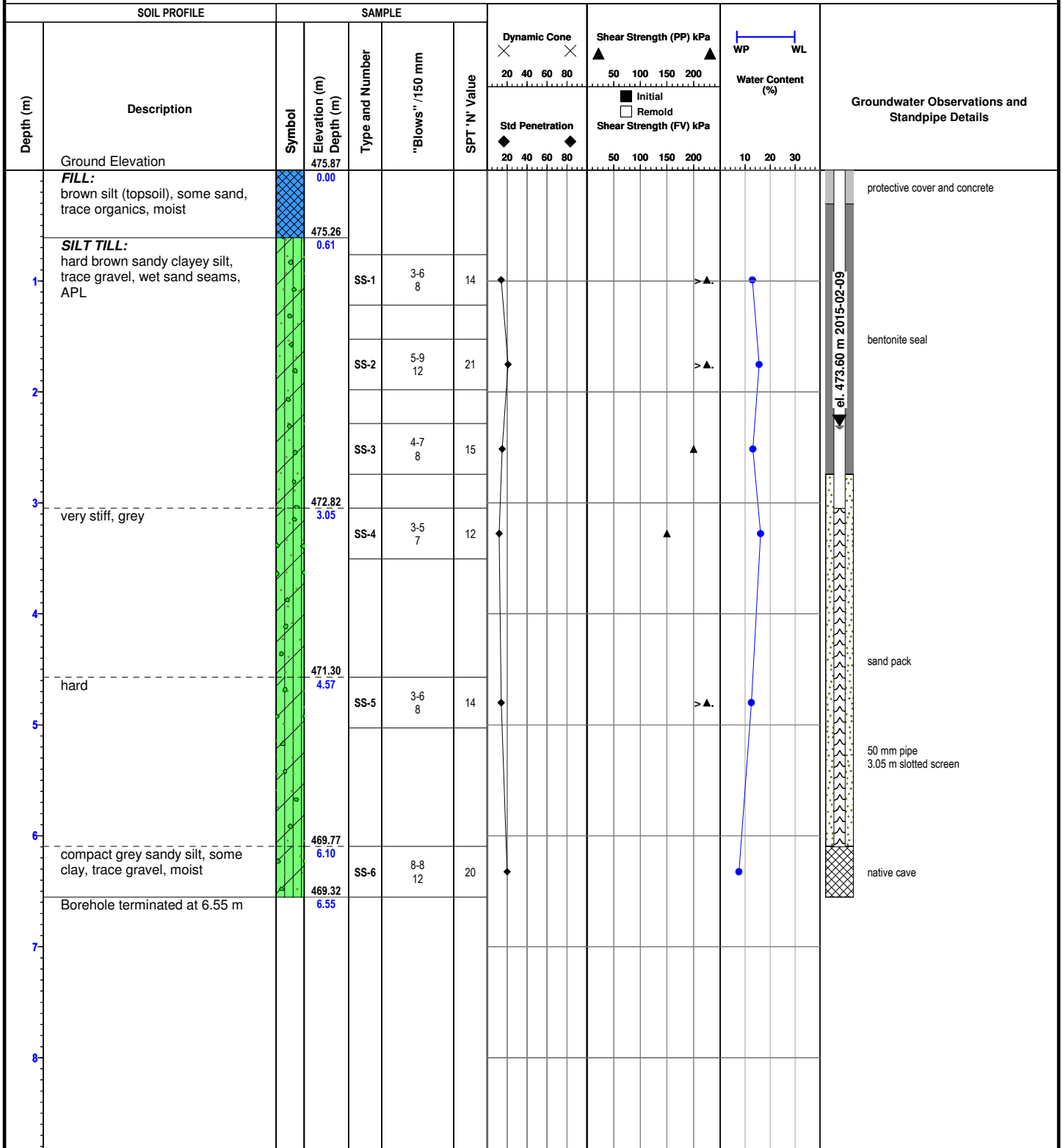
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

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Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes:



Ground Elevation: 478.22 m

Borehole Number: BH-02-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-02-03

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

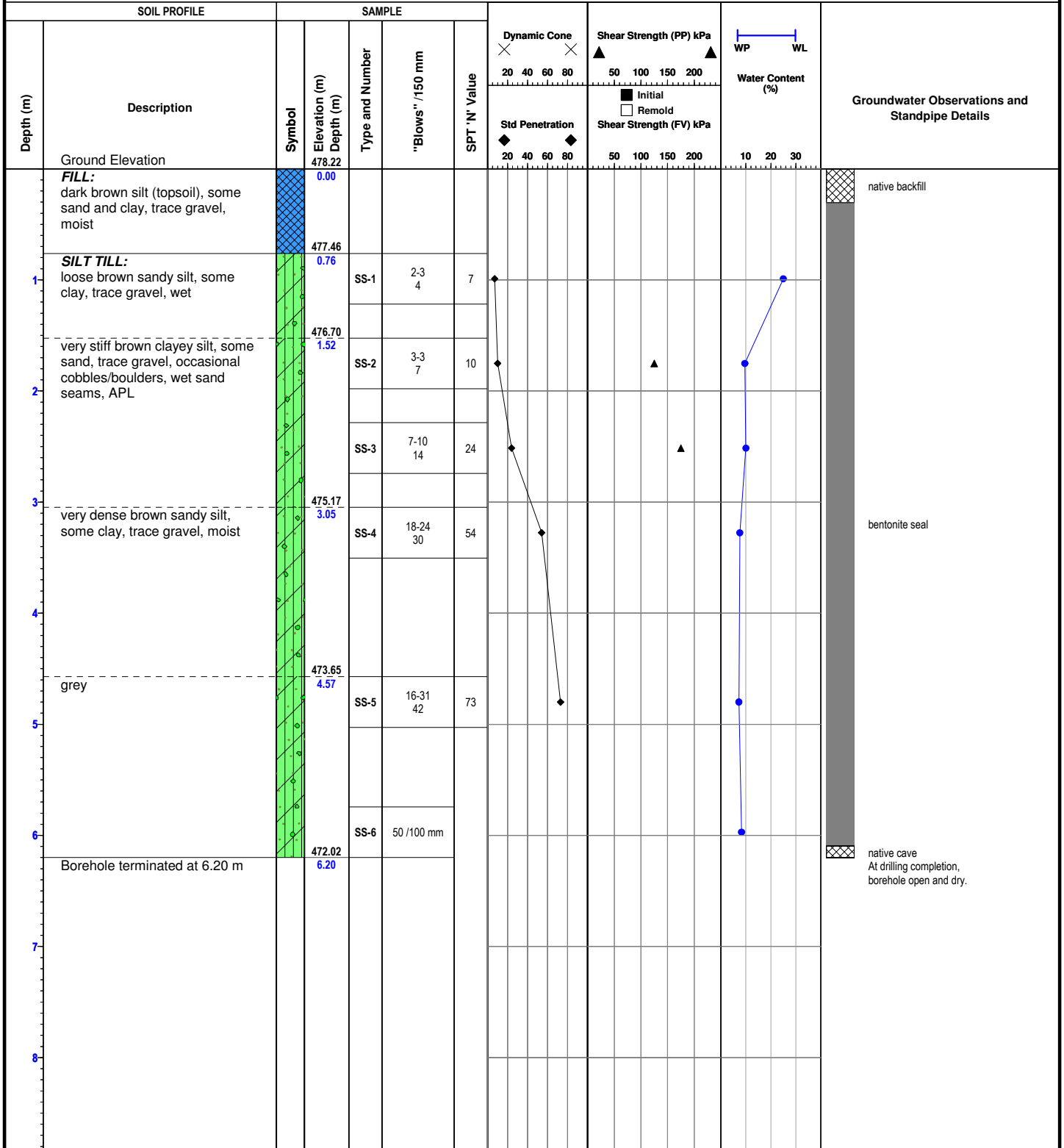
Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

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Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes: Bulk Sample GS-5 taken from 3.05 - 3.66 m.



Ground Elevation: 475.55 m

Borehole Number: BH-03-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-02-03

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

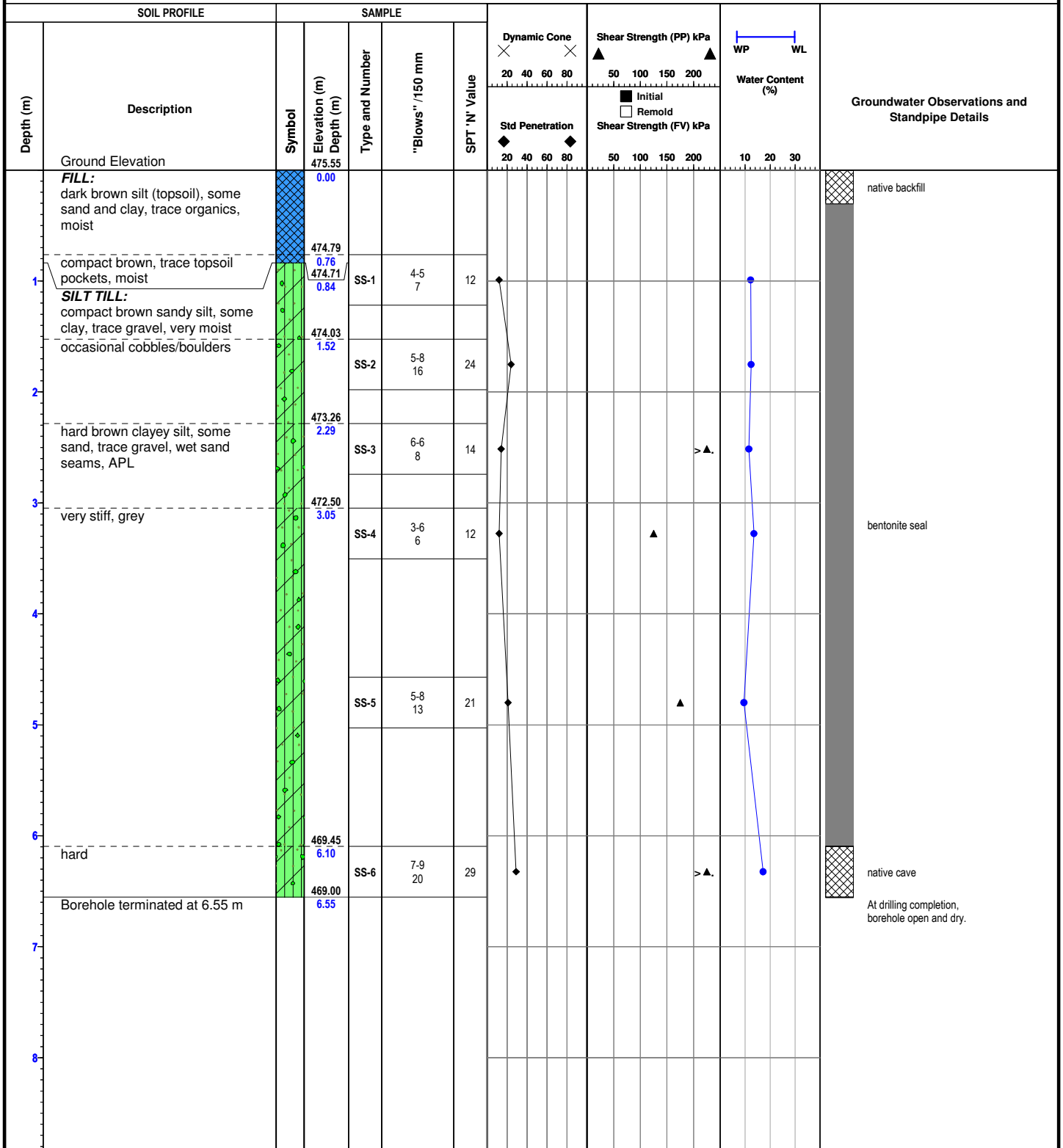
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

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Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes:



Ground Elevation: 471.81 m

Borehole Number: BH-04-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-01-29

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

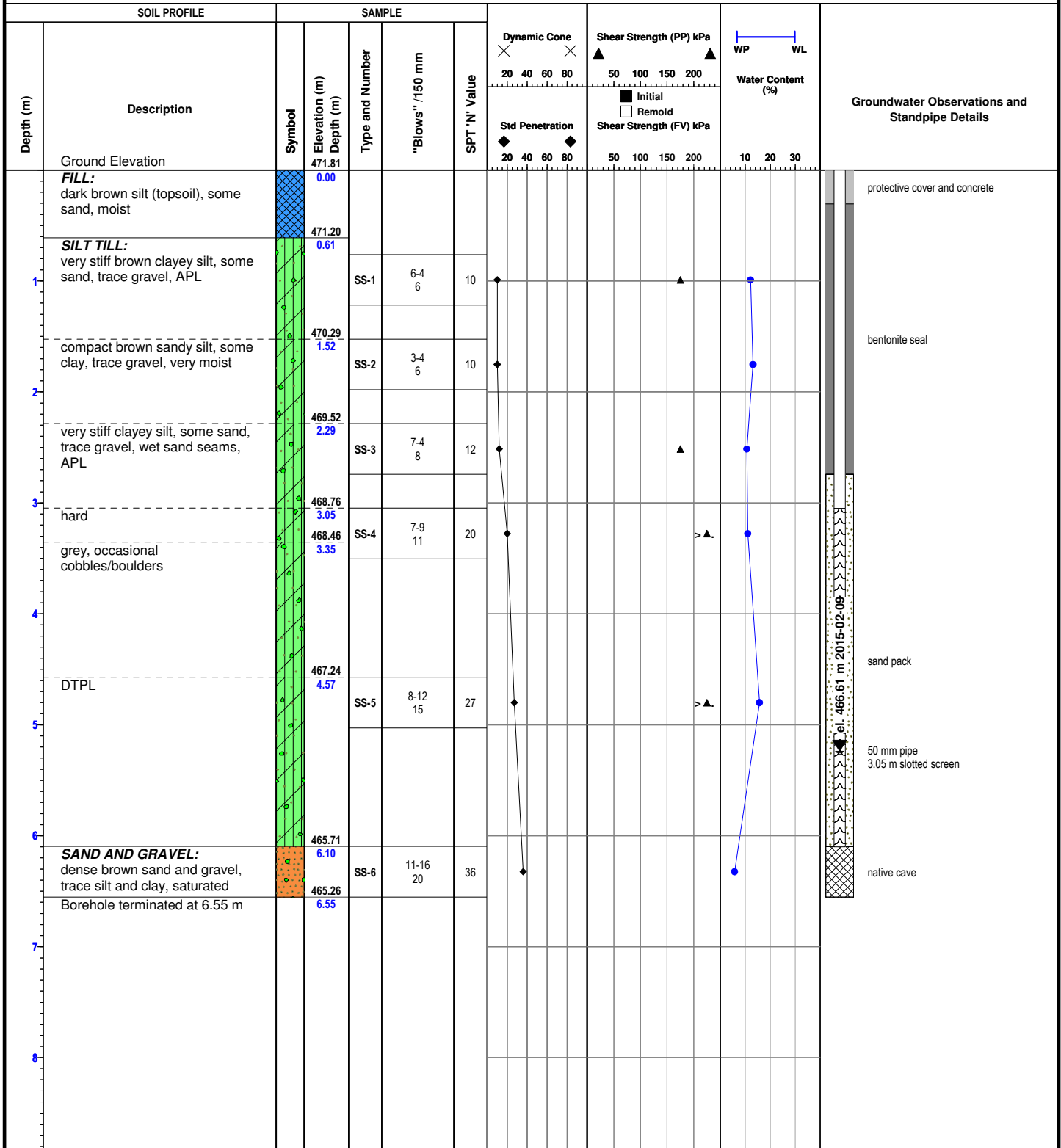
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

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Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes: Bulk sample GS-3 taken from 1.52 to 2.29 m.



Ground Elevation: 471.98 m

Borehole Number: BH-05-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-01-30

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

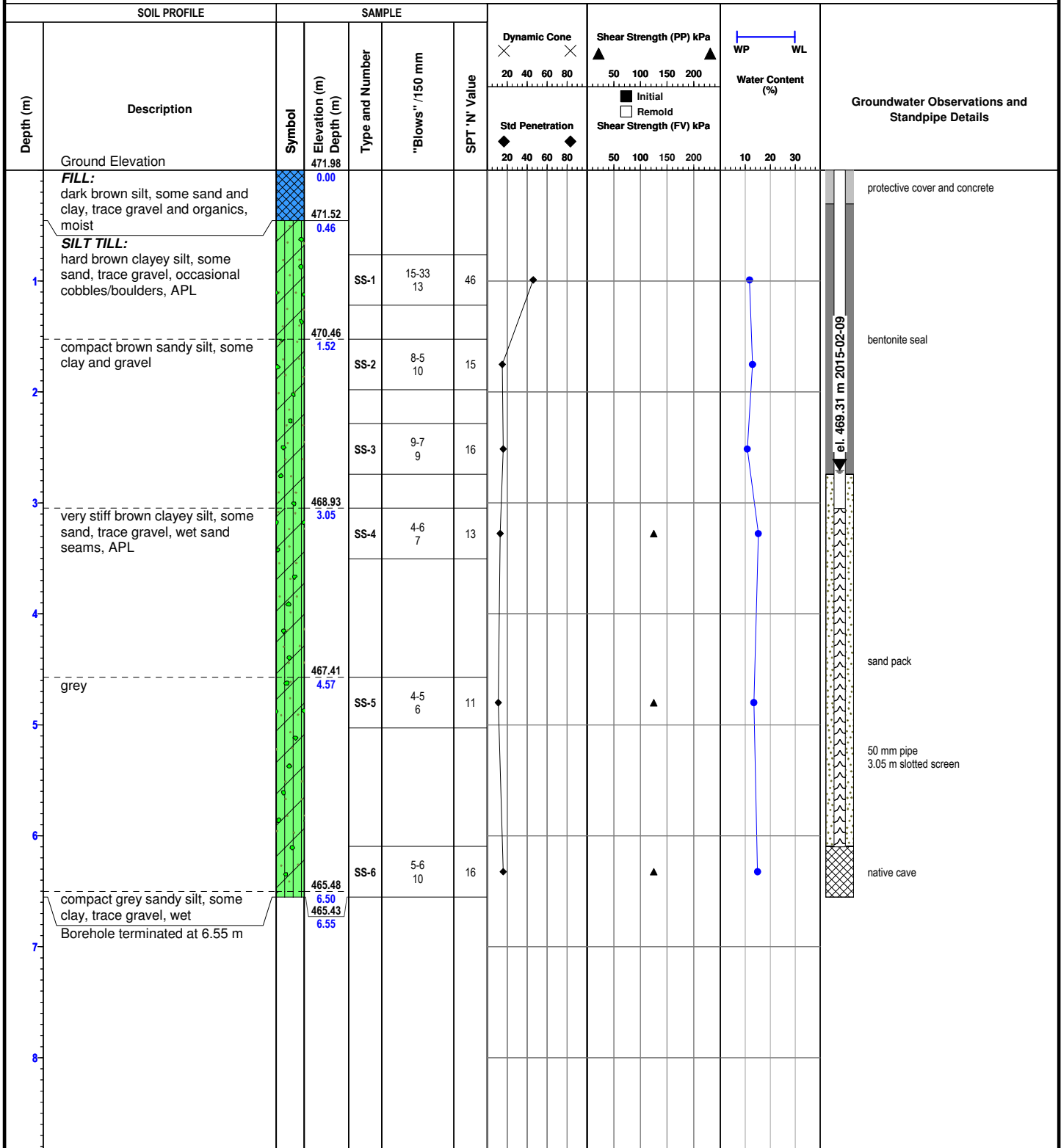
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Z:\Style_LVM_Ontario\LogBorehole_Log_LVM_Ontario.sly - Printed : 2015-02-27 14h

Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes:



Ground Elevation: 477.69 m

Borehole Number: BH-06-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-01-30

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

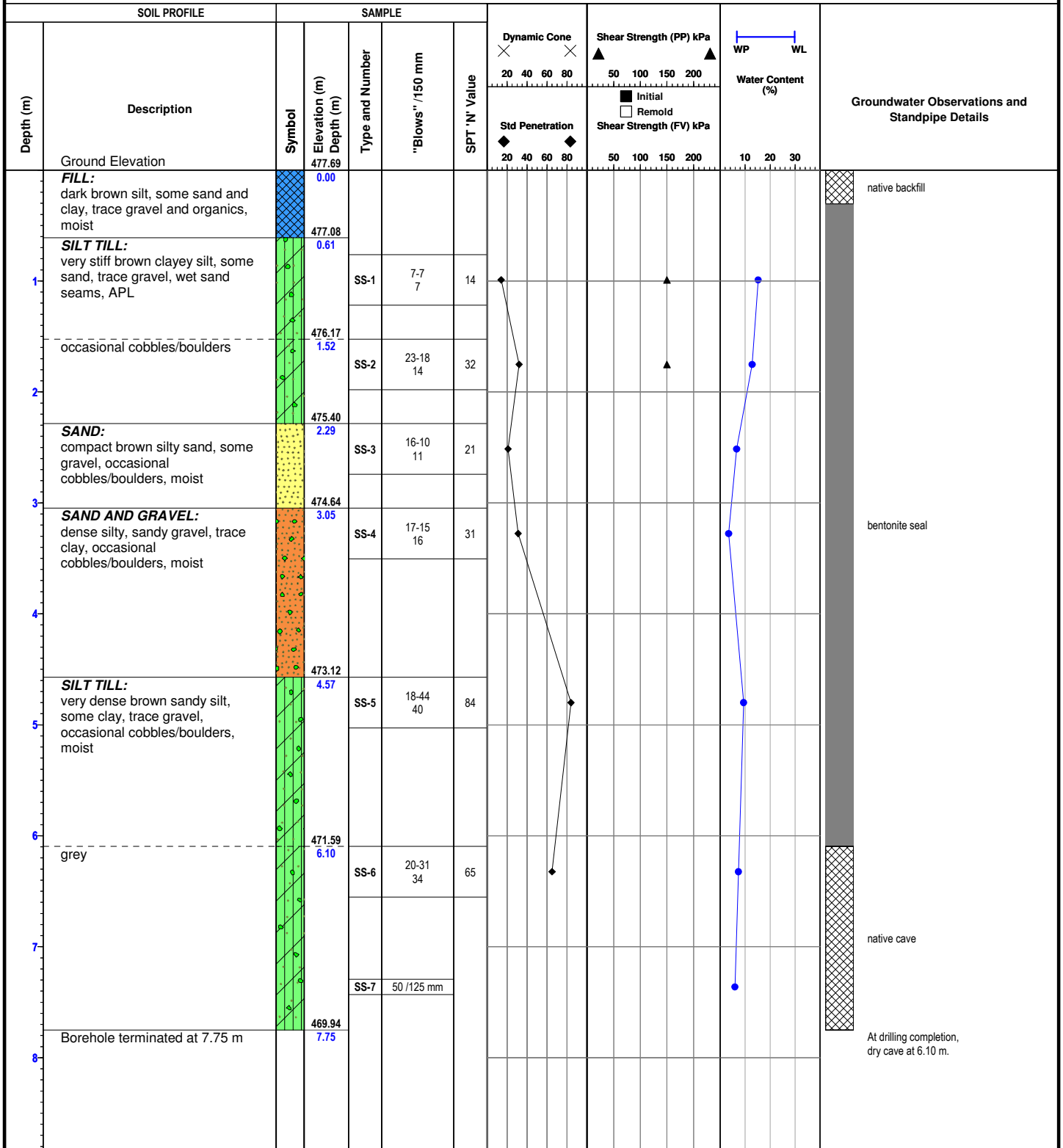
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow stem Auger

Z:\Style_LVM_Ontario\LogBorehole_Log_LVM_Ontario.sly - Printed : 2015-02-27 15h

Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes: Bulk sample GS-4 taken from 2.29 to 3.05 m.



Ground Elevation: 483.24 m

Borehole Number: BH-07-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-01-30

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

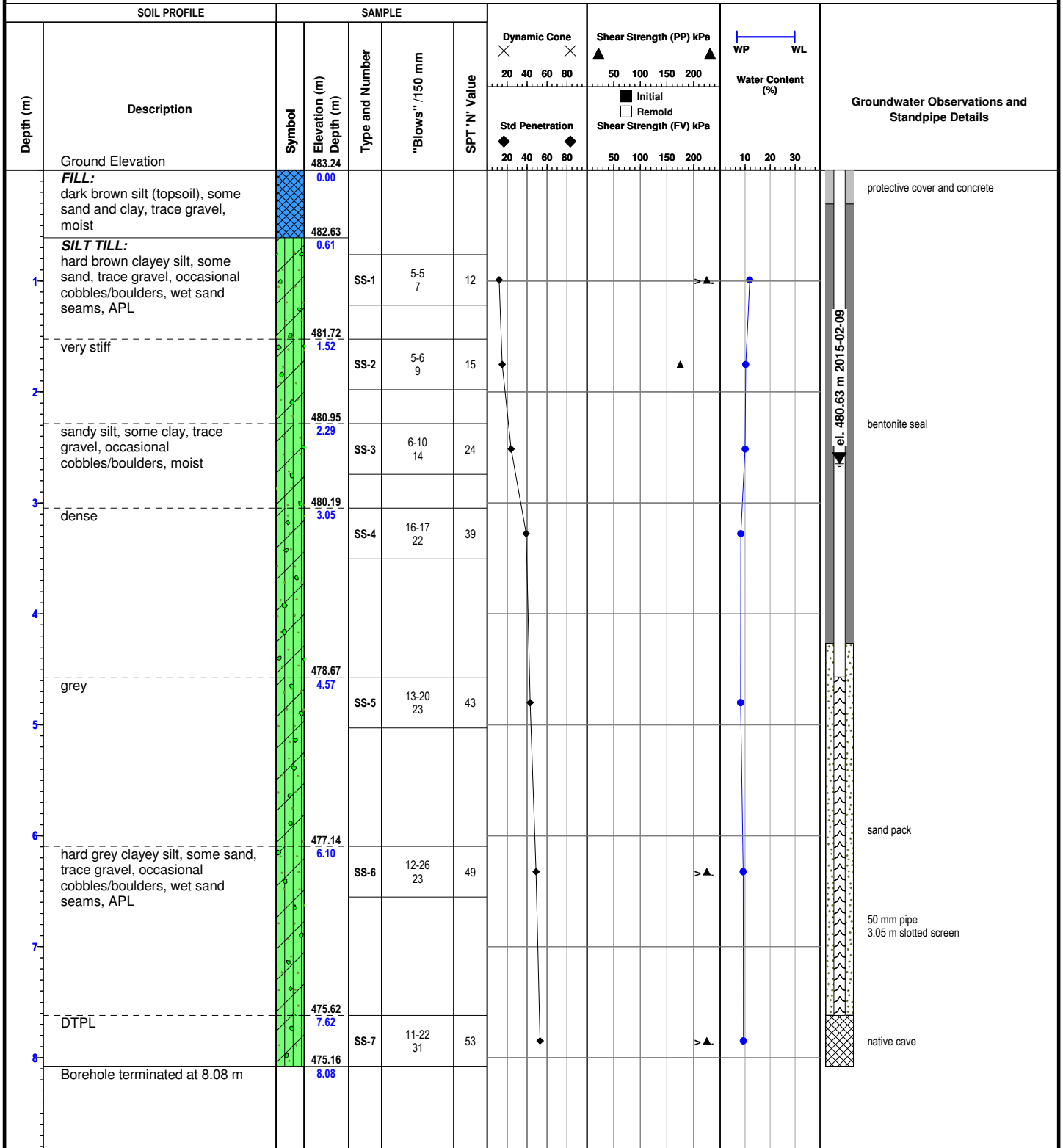
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Z:\Style_LVM_Ontario\LogBorehole_Log_LVM_Ontario.sly - Printed : 2015-02-27 14h

Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes:



Ground Elevation: 477.94 m

Borehole Number: BH-08-15

Job N°: P-0007970-0-01-100

Drill Date: 2015-02-03

Project: Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4

Field Tech: K.Rundle Drake

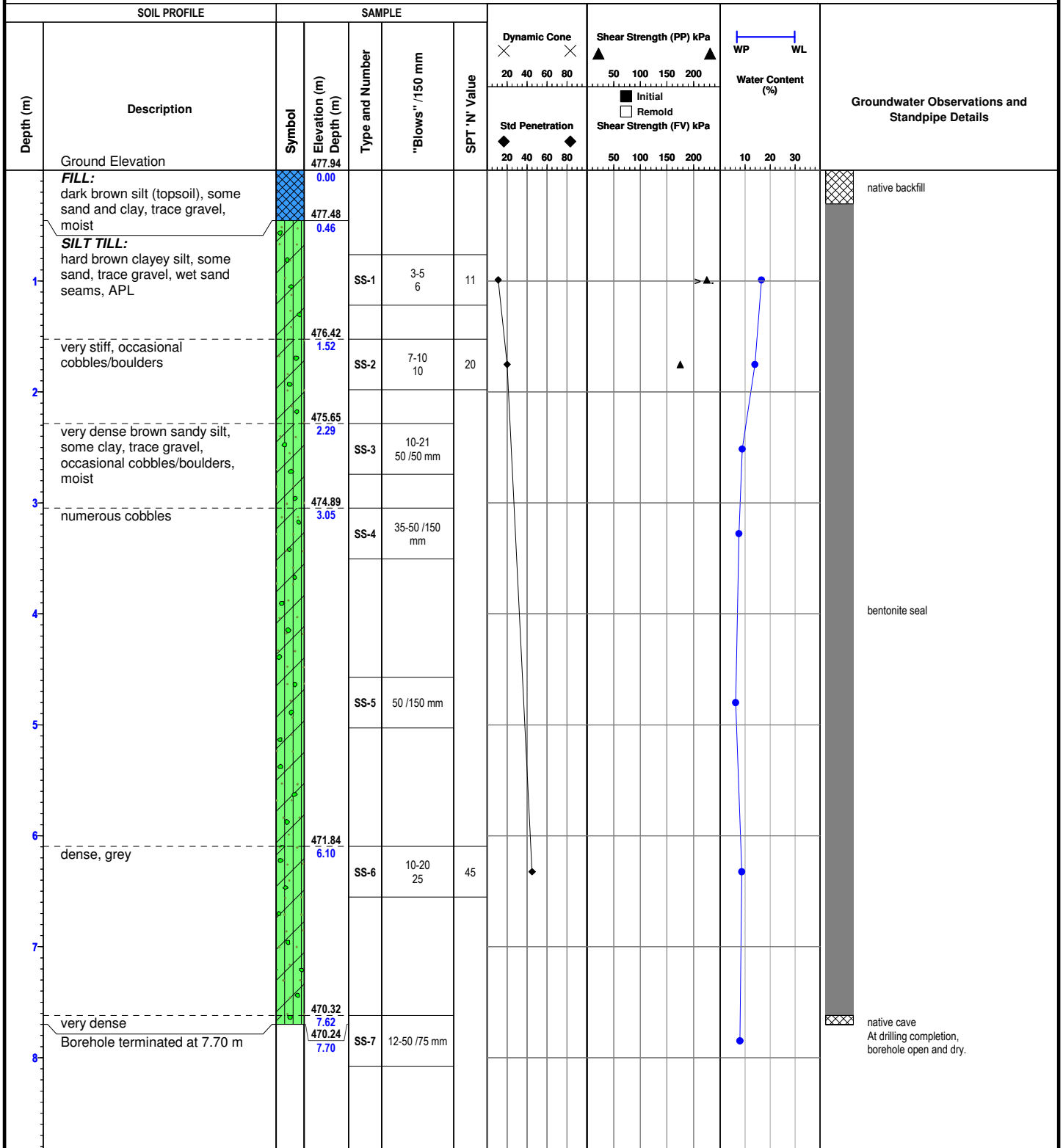
Location: Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario

Drill Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Z:\Style_LVM_Ontario\LogBorehole_Log_LVM_Ontario.sly - Printed : 2015-02-27 14h

Vertical Scale = 1 : 50.0

EQ-09-Ge-72 R.1 18.02.2011



Reviewed by: K. Rundle Drake

Drafted by: E.Ciochon

Sheet: 1 of 1

Notes: Bulk sample GS-6 taken from 4.57 - 5.18 m.



PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS

Project: **Mayberry Hills Subdivision, Phases 3 and 4**

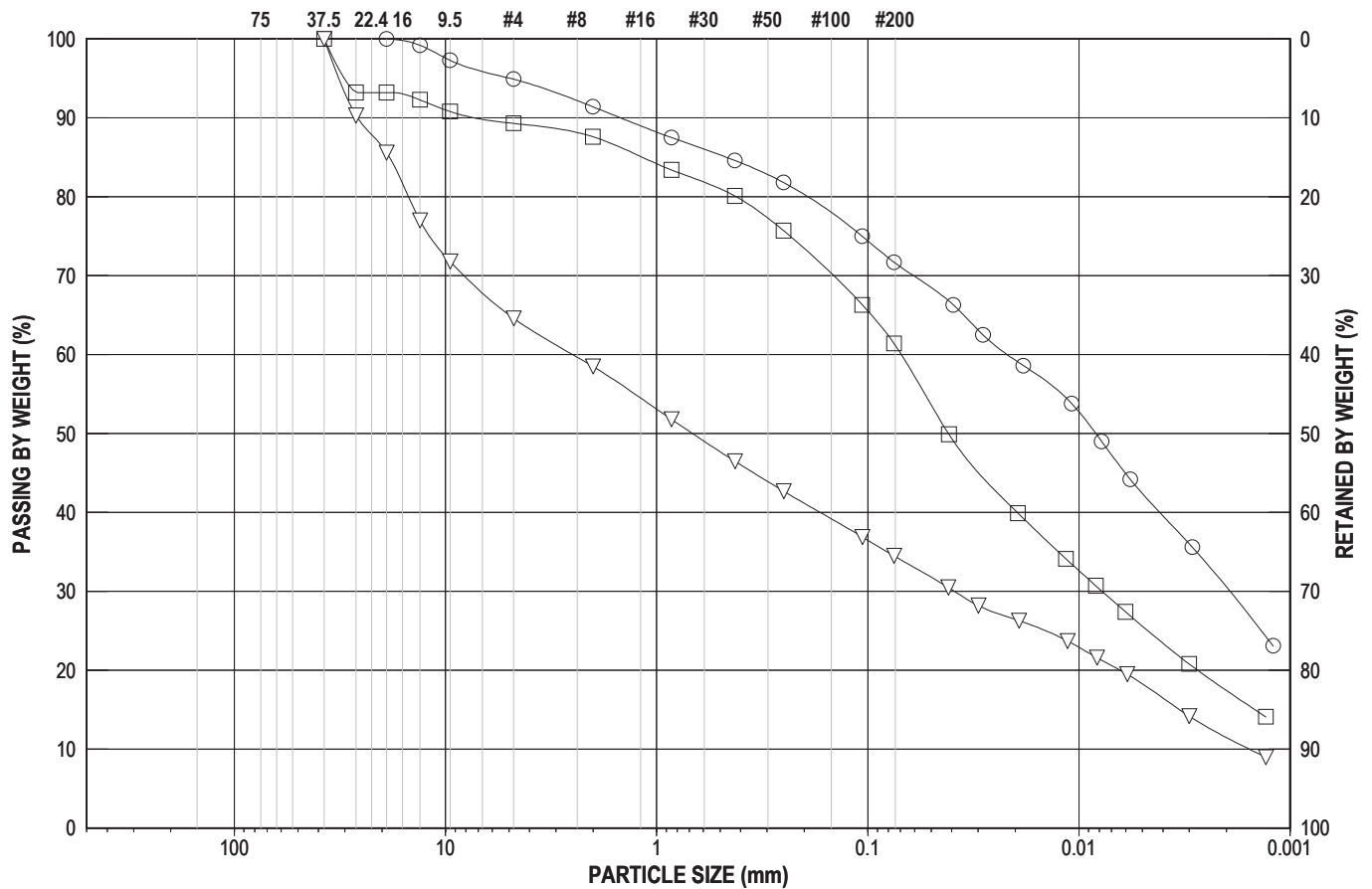
Figure No : 3

Location: **Amaranth Street, Town of Grand Valley, Ontario**

File No : **P-0007970-0-01-100**

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION

| COBBLES | GRAVEL | | SAND | | | SILT OR CLAY |
|--------------------------------|--------|------|-------------------------|--------|------|--------------|
| | COARSE | FINE | COARSE | MEDIUM | FINE | |
| U.S. SIEVE SIZE IN MILLIMETRES | | | U.S. STANDARD SIEVE No. | | | HYDROMETER |



| Symbol | Borehole n° | Sample n° | Depth (m) | Description |
|--------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| ○ | BH-01-15 | SS-5 | 4.57 - 5.03 | Sandy Clayey SILT, trace Gravel |
| □ | BH-05-15 | SS-2 | 1.52 - 1.98 | Sandy SILT, some Clay and Gravel |
| ▽ | BH-06-15 | SS-4 | 3.05 - 3.51 | Silty Sandy GRAVEL, trace Clay |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Z:\Style_LVM_Ontario\Lab_Particle_Size_LVM_Ontario.STY - Printed: 2015-03-11T13:16:22

EQ-09-Ge-74A R.1 02.03.2011

**APPENDIX C:
CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS**

Attention: Reporting Contacts

GM BluePlan Engineering Limited
1260 - 2nd Ave E
Unit 1
Owen Sound, ON
CANADA N4K 2J3

Report Date: 2019/05/21
Report #: R5719136
Version: 1 - Final

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

MAXXAM JOB #: B9C8765
Received: 2019/05/14, 09:27

Sample Matrix: Water
Samples Received: 6

| Analyses | Quantity | Date | Date | Laboratory Method | Reference |
|--|----------|------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | Extracted | Analyzed | | |
| Alkalinity | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00448 | SM 23 2320 B m |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | 1 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00102 | APHA 4500-CO2 D |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | 5 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | CAM SOP-00102 | APHA 4500-CO2 D |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00463 | SM 4500-Cl E m |
| Conductivity | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00414 | SM 23 2510 m |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) (1) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00446 | SM 23 5310 B m |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO3) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP 00102/00408/00447 | SM 2340 B |
| Lab Filtered Metals by ICPMS | 2 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00447 | EPA 6020B m |
| Dissolved Metals by ICPMS | 4 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00447 | EPA 6020B m |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | | |
| Anion and Cation Sum | 1 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | | |
| Anion and Cation Sum | 5 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | | |
| Total Ammonia-N | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | CAM SOP-00441 | EPA GS I-2522-90 m |
| Nitrate (NO3) and Nitrite (NO2) in Water (2) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00440 | SM 23 4500-NO3I/NO2B |
| pH | 6 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00413 | SM 4500H+ B m |
| Orthophosphate | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00461 | EPA 365.1 m |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | | |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | | |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | CAM SOP-00464 | EPA 375.4 m |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | 6 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | | |

Remarks:

Maxxam Analytics' laboratories are accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 for specific parameters on scopes of accreditation. Unless otherwise noted, procedures used by Maxxam are based upon recognized Provincial, Federal or US method compendia such as CCME, MDDELCC, EPA, APHA.

All work recorded herein has been done in accordance with procedures and practices ordinarily exercised by professionals in Maxxam's profession using accepted testing methodologies, quality assurance and quality control procedures (except where otherwise agreed by the client and Maxxam in writing). All data is in statistical control and has met quality control and method performance criteria unless otherwise noted. All method blanks are reported; unless indicated otherwise, associated sample data are not blank corrected. Where applicable, unless otherwise noted, Measurement Uncertainty has not been accounted for when stating conformity to the referenced standard.

Your Project #: 118073-2 Grand Valley
Your C.O.C. #: 717303-01-01

Attention: Reporting Contacts

GM BluePlan Engineering Limited
1260 - 2nd Ave E
Unit 1
Owen Sound, ON
CANADA N4K 2J3

Report Date: 2019/05/21
Report #: R5719136
Version: 1 - Final

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

MAXXAM JOB #: B9C8765

Received: 2019/05/14, 09:27

Maxxam Analytics' liability is limited to the actual cost of the requested analyses, unless otherwise agreed in writing. There is no other warranty expressed or implied. Maxxam has been retained to provide analysis of samples provided by the Client using the testing methodology referenced in this report. Interpretation and use of test results are the sole responsibility of the Client and are not within the scope of services provided by Maxxam, unless otherwise agreed in writing. Maxxam is not responsible for the accuracy or any data impacts, that result from the information provided by the customer or their agent.

Solid sample results, except biota, are based on dry weight unless otherwise indicated. Organic analyses are not recovery corrected except for isotope dilution methods.

Results relate to samples tested. When sampling is not conducted by Maxxam, results relate to the supplied samples tested.

This Certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.

Reference Method suffix "m" indicates test methods incorporate validated modifications from specific reference methods to improve performance.

* RPDs calculated using raw data. The rounding of final results may result in the apparent difference.

(1) Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) present in the sample should be considered as non-purgeable DOC.

(2) Values for calculated parameters may not appear to add up due to rounding of raw data and significant figures.

Encryption Key

Please direct all questions regarding this Certificate of Analysis to your Project Manager.

Ashton Gibson, Project Manager

Email: AGibson@maxxam.ca

Phone# (905)817-5765

=====

Maxxam has procedures in place to guard against improper use of the electronic signature and have the required "signatories", as per section 5.10.2 of ISO/IEC 17025:2005(E), signing the reports. For Service Group specific validation please refer to the Validation Signature Page.

RCAP - COMPREHENSIVE (WATER)

| Maxxam ID | | JSD170 | JSD171 | | JSD172 | | | JSD172 | | |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Sampling Date | | 2019/05/13 11:10 | 2019/05/13 09:20 | | 2019/05/13 08:05 | | | 2019/05/13 08:05 | | |
| COC Number | | 717303-01-01 | 717303-01-01 | | 717303-01-01 | | | 717303-01-01 | | |
| | UNITS | BH-01-15 | BH-04-15 | QC Batch | BH-05-15 | RDL | QC Batch | BH-05-15 Lab-Dup | RDL | QC Batch |

| Calculated Parameters | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-----|---------|--|--|--|
| Anion Sum | me/L | 7.96 | 6.78 | 6122967 | 6.46 | N/A | 6122967 | | | |
| Bicarb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO3) | mg/L | 240 | 270 | 6122965 | 250 | 1.0 | 6122965 | | | |
| Calculated TDS | mg/L | 450 | 360 | 6122970 | 350 | 1.0 | 6122970 | | | |
| Carb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO3) | mg/L | 2.4 | 2.5 | 6122965 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 6122965 | | | |
| Cation Sum | me/L | 8.34 | 7.11 | 6122967 | 6.76 | N/A | 6122967 | | | |
| Hardness (CaCO3) | mg/L | 370 | 340 | 6122670 | 290 | 1.0 | 6122670 | | | |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | % | 2.37 | 2.40 | 6122966 | 2.26 | N/A | 6122966 | | | |
| Langelier Index (@ 20C) | N/A | 0.831 | 0.896 | 6122968 | 0.757 | | 6122968 | | | |
| Langelier Index (@ 4C) | N/A | 0.583 | 0.647 | 6122969 | 0.508 | | 6122969 | | | |
| Saturation pH (@ 20C) | N/A | 7.20 | 7.10 | 6122968 | 7.22 | | 6122968 | | | |
| Saturation pH (@ 4C) | N/A | 7.45 | 7.35 | 6122969 | 7.47 | | 6122969 | | | |

| Inorganics | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|---------|------|-----|---------|
| Total Ammonia-N | mg/L | <0.050 | <0.050 | 6125061 | <0.050 | 0.050 | 6125061 | | | |
| Conductivity | umho/cm | 720 | 630 | 6123904 | 610 | 1.0 | 6124289 | 610 | 1.0 | 6124289 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | mg/L | 1.8 | 0.84 | 6123147 | 1.6 | 0.50 | 6123147 | | | |
| Orthophosphate (P) | mg/L | <0.010 | <0.010 | 6123703 | <0.010 | 0.010 | 6123703 | | | |
| pH | pH | 8.03 | 7.99 | 6123905 | 7.98 | | 6124293 | 7.99 | | 6124293 |
| Dissolved Sulphate (SO4) | mg/L | 140 | 27 | 6123699 | 35 | 1.0 | 6123699 | | | |
| Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3) | mg/L | 240 | 270 | 6123899 | 250 | 1.0 | 6124287 | 260 | 1.0 | 6124287 |
| Dissolved Chloride (Cl-) | mg/L | 5.6 | 14 | 6123693 | 16 | 1.0 | 6123693 | | | |
| Nitrite (N) | mg/L | <0.010 | <0.010 | 6123730 | <0.010 | 0.010 | 6123730 | | | |
| Nitrate (N) | mg/L | <0.10 | 5.62 | 6123730 | 2.97 | 0.10 | 6123730 | | | |
| Nitrate + Nitrite (N) | mg/L | <0.10 | 5.62 | 6123730 | 2.97 | 0.10 | 6123730 | | | |

| Metals | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|-------|-------|---------|-------|------|---------|--|--|--|
| Dissolved Aluminum (Al) | ug/L | 110 | <5.0 | 6123636 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 6123636 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Arsenic (As) | ug/L | <1.0 | <1.0 | 6123636 | <1.0 | 1.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Barium (Ba) | ug/L | 77 | 61 | 6123636 | 79 | 2.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 6123636 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Boron (B) | ug/L | 56 | 12 | 6123636 | 43 | 10 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | ug/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | 6123636 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | ug/L | 74000 | 80000 | 6123636 | 64000 | 200 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | ug/L | <5.0 | <5.0 | 6123636 | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 | | | |

RDL = Reportable Detection Limit
QC Batch = Quality Control Batch
Lab-Dup = Laboratory Initiated Duplicate
N/A = Not Applicable

RCAP - COMPREHENSIVE (WATER)

| Maxxam ID | | JSD170 | JSD171 | | JSD172 | | | JSD172 | | |
|---------------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|-------|----------|---------------------|-----|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2019/05/13 11:10 | 2019/05/13 09:20 | | 2019/05/13 08:05 | | | 2019/05/13 08:05 | | |
| COC Number | | 717303-01-01 | 717303-01-01 | | 717303-01-01 | | | 717303-01-01 | | |
| | UNITS | BH-01-15 | BH-04-15 | QC Batch | BH-05-15 | RDL | QC Batch | BH-05-15 Lab-Dup | RDL | QC Batch |
| Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 6123636 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Copper (Cu) | ug/L | 1.7 | <1.0 | 6123636 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Iron (Fe) | ug/L | 120 | <100 | 6123636 | <100 | 100 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Lead (Pb) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 6123636 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | ug/L | 44000 | 34000 | 6123636 | 31000 | 50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | ug/L | 89 | <2.0 | 6123636 | 5.8 | 2.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | ug/L | 5.8 | 0.58 | 6123636 | 3.0 | 0.50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | ug/L | <1.0 | <1.0 | 6123636 | <1.0 | 1.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | ug/L | <100 | <100 | 6123636 | <100 | 100 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Potassium (K) | ug/L | 3700 | 1400 | 6123636 | 3100 | 200 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Selenium (Se) | ug/L | <2.0 | <2.0 | 6123636 | <2.0 | 2.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Silicon (Si) | ug/L | 4200 | 5000 | 6123636 | 4400 | 50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Silver (Ag) | ug/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | 6123636 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Sodium (Na) | ug/L | 21000 | 6400 | 6123636 | 22000 | 100 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | ug/L | 510 | 160 | 6123636 | 400 | 1.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Thallium (Tl) | ug/L | <0.050 | <0.050 | 6123636 | <0.050 | 0.050 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | ug/L | 5.1 | <5.0 | 6123636 | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Uranium (U) | ug/L | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6123636 | 3.8 | 0.10 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Vanadium (V) | ug/L | 0.57 | <0.50 | 6123636 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 | | | |
| Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | ug/L | <5.0 | <5.0 | 6123636 | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 | | | |

RDL = Reportable Detection Limit
QC Batch = Quality Control Batch
Lab-Dup = Laboratory Initiated Duplicate

RCAP - COMPREHENSIVE (WATER)

| | | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Maxxam ID | | JSD173 | | |
| Sampling Date | | 2019/05/13 10:30 | | |
| COC Number | | 717303-01-01 | | |
| | UNITS | BH-07-15 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Calculated Parameters | | | | |
| Anion Sum | me/L | 6.01 | N/A | 6122967 |
| Bicarb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 230 | 1.0 | 6122965 |
| Calculated TDS | mg/L | 310 | 1.0 | 6122970 |
| Carb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 3.3 | 1.0 | 6122965 |
| Cation Sum | me/L | 6.20 | N/A | 6122967 |
| Hardness (CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 250 | 1.0 | 6122670 |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | % | 1.54 | N/A | 6122966 |
| Langelier Index (@ 20C) | N/A | 0.751 | | 6122968 |
| Langelier Index (@ 4C) | N/A | 0.502 | | 6122969 |
| Saturation pH (@ 20C) | N/A | 7.43 | | 6122968 |
| Saturation pH (@ 4C) | N/A | 7.68 | | 6122969 |
| Inorganics | | | | |
| Total Ammonia-N | mg/L | <0.050 | 0.050 | 6125061 |
| Conductivity | umho/cm | 570 | 1.0 | 6123904 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | mg/L | 0.85 | 0.50 | 6123147 |
| Orthophosphate (P) | mg/L | <0.010 | 0.010 | 6123703 |
| pH | pH | 8.18 | | 6123905 |
| Dissolved Sulphate (SO ₄) | mg/L | 38 | 1.0 | 6123699 |
| Alkalinity (Total as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 230 | 1.0 | 6123899 |
| Dissolved Chloride (Cl ⁻) | mg/L | 20 | 1.0 | 6123693 |
| Nitrite (N) | mg/L | <0.010 | 0.010 | 6123136 |
| Nitrate (N) | mg/L | 0.39 | 0.10 | 6123136 |
| Nitrate + Nitrite (N) | mg/L | 0.39 | 0.10 | 6123136 |
| Metals | | | | |
| Dissolved Aluminum (Al) | ug/L | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | ug/L | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Arsenic (As) | ug/L | <1.0 | 1.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Barium (Ba) | ug/L | 42 | 2.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | ug/L | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Boron (B) | ug/L | 59 | 10 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | ug/L | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | ug/L | 42000 | 200 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | ug/L | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | ug/L | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection Limit QC Batch = Quality Control Batch N/A = Not Applicable | | | | |

RCAP - COMPREHENSIVE (WATER)

| | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Maxxam ID | | JSD173 | | |
| Sampling Date | | 2019/05/13 10:30 | | |
| COC Number | | 717303-01-01 | | |
| | UNITS | BH-07-15 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Dissolved Copper (Cu) | ug/L | <1.0 | 1.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Iron (Fe) | ug/L | <100 | 100 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Lead (Pb) | ug/L | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | ug/L | 34000 | 50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | ug/L | 7.1 | 2.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | ug/L | 7.8 | 0.50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | ug/L | <1.0 | 1.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | ug/L | <100 | 100 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Potassium (K) | ug/L | 3300 | 200 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Selenium (Se) | ug/L | <2.0 | 2.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Silicon (Si) | ug/L | 4100 | 50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Silver (Ag) | ug/L | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Sodium (Na) | ug/L | 27000 | 100 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | ug/L | 290 | 1.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Thallium (Tl) | ug/L | <0.050 | 0.050 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | ug/L | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Uranium (U) | ug/L | 2.5 | 0.10 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Vanadium (V) | ug/L | 0.71 | 0.50 | 6123636 |
| Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | ug/L | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6123636 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection Limit | | | | |
| QC Batch = Quality Control Batch | | | | |

RCAP - COMPREHENSIVE (LAB FILTERED)

| Maxxam ID | | JSD174 | JSD175 | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Sampling Date | | 2019/05/13 08:25 | 2019/05/13 09:10 | | |
| COC Number | | 717303-01-01 | 717303-01-01 | | |
| | UNITS | PZ-01-19 | PZ-03-19 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Calculated Parameters | | | | | |
| Anion Sum | me/L | 5.14 | 7.10 | N/A | 6122967 |
| Bicarb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 240 | 350 | 1.0 | 6122965 |
| Calculated TDS | mg/L | 260 | 360 | 1.0 | 6122970 |
| Carb. Alkalinity (calc. as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 6122965 |
| Cation Sum | me/L | 5.40 | 7.46 | N/A | 6122967 |
| Hardness (CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 260 | 370 | 1.0 | 6122670 |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | % | 2.52 | 2.43 | N/A | 6122966 |
| Langelier Index (@ 20C) | N/A | 0.834 | 1.05 | | 6122968 |
| Langelier Index (@ 4C) | N/A | 0.584 | 0.799 | | 6122969 |
| Saturation pH (@ 20C) | N/A | 7.16 | 6.84 | | 6122968 |
| Saturation pH (@ 4C) | N/A | 7.41 | 7.09 | | 6122969 |
| Inorganics | | | | | |
| Total Ammonia-N | mg/L | <0.050 | <0.050 | 0.050 | 6125061 |
| Conductivity | umho/cm | 480 | 640 | 1.0 | 6123904 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | mg/L | 3.2 | 3.3 | 0.50 | 6123147 |
| Orthophosphate (P) | mg/L | <0.010 | <0.010 | 0.010 | 6123703 |
| pH | pH | 7.99 | 7.88 | | 6123905 |
| Dissolved Sulphate (SO ₄) | mg/L | 4.0 | <1.0 | 1.0 | 6123699 |
| Alkalinity (Total as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 240 | 350 | 1.0 | 6123899 |
| Dissolved Chloride (Cl ⁻) | mg/L | 9.9 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 6123693 |
| Nitrite (N) | mg/L | 0.016 | <0.010 | 0.010 | 6123730 |
| Nitrate (N) | mg/L | 0.10 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6123730 |
| Nitrate + Nitrite (N) | mg/L | 0.12 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6123730 |
| Metals | | | | | |
| Dissolved Aluminum (Al) | ug/L | 22 | 15 | 5.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Arsenic (As) | ug/L | <1.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Barium (Ba) | ug/L | 15 | 18 | 2.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Boron (B) | ug/L | <10 | <10 | 10 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | ug/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | ug/L | 74000 | 110000 | 200 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | ug/L | <5.0 | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | ug/L | <0.50 | 1.8 | 0.50 | 6122632 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection Limit QC Batch = Quality Control Batch N/A = Not Applicable | | | | | |

RCAP - COMPREHENSIVE (LAB FILTERED)

| Maxxam ID | | JSD174 | JSD175 | | |
|--|-------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2019/05/13 08:25 | 2019/05/13 09:10 | | |
| COC Number | | 717303-01-01 | 717303-01-01 | | |
| | UNITS | PZ-01-19 | PZ-03-19 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Dissolved Copper (Cu) | ug/L | <1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Iron (Fe) | ug/L | <100 | <100 | 100 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Lead (Pb) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | ug/L | 19000 | 21000 | 50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | ug/L | <2.0 | 2000 | 2.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | ug/L | <1.0 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | ug/L | <100 | <100 | 100 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Potassium (K) | ug/L | 220 | 1300 | 200 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Selenium (Se) | ug/L | <2.0 | <2.0 | 2.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Silicon (Si) | ug/L | 1900 | 2700 | 50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Silver (Ag) | ug/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Sodium (Na) | ug/L | 3000 | 910 | 100 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | ug/L | 84 | 130 | 1.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Thallium (Tl) | ug/L | <0.050 | <0.050 | 0.050 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | ug/L | <5.0 | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Uranium (U) | ug/L | 0.61 | 0.31 | 0.10 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Vanadium (V) | ug/L | <0.50 | <0.50 | 0.50 | 6122632 |
| Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | ug/L | <5.0 | <5.0 | 5.0 | 6122632 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection Limit QC Batch = Quality Control Batch | | | | | |

TEST SUMMARY

Maxxam ID: JSD170
Sample ID: BH-01-15
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6123899 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | CALC | 6122965 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123693 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Deonarine Ramnarine |
| Conductivity | AT | 6123904 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | TOCV/NDIR | 6123147 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Mandeep Kaur |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO ₃) | | 6122670 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Dissolved Metals by ICPMS | ICP/MS | 6123636 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Arefa Dabhad |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | CALC | 6122966 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Anion and Cation Sum | CALC | 6122967 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Total Ammonia-N | LACH/NH ₄ | 6125061 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | Amanpreet Sappal |
| Nitrate (NO ₃) and Nitrite (NO ₂) in Water | LACH | 6123730 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Chandra Nandlal |
| pH | AT | 6123905 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Orthophosphate | KONE | 6123703 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | CALC | 6122968 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | CALC | 6122969 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123699 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | CALC | 6122970 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

Maxxam ID: JSD171
Sample ID: BH-04-15
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6123899 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | CALC | 6122965 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123693 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Deonarine Ramnarine |
| Conductivity | AT | 6123904 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | TOCV/NDIR | 6123147 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Mandeep Kaur |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO ₃) | | 6122670 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Dissolved Metals by ICPMS | ICP/MS | 6123636 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Arefa Dabhad |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | CALC | 6122966 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Anion and Cation Sum | CALC | 6122967 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Total Ammonia-N | LACH/NH ₄ | 6125061 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | Amanpreet Sappal |
| Nitrate (NO ₃) and Nitrite (NO ₂) in Water | LACH | 6123730 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Chandra Nandlal |
| pH | AT | 6123905 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Orthophosphate | KONE | 6123703 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | CALC | 6122968 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | CALC | 6122969 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123699 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | CALC | 6122970 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

TEST SUMMARY

Maxxam ID: JSD172
Sample ID: BH-05-15
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6124287 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | CALC | 6122965 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123693 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Deonarine Ramnarine |
| Conductivity | AT | 6124289 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | TOCV/NDIR | 6123147 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Mandeep Kaur |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO ₃) | | 6122670 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Dissolved Metals by ICPMS | ICP/MS | 6123636 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Arefa Dabhad |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | CALC | 6122966 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Anion and Cation Sum | CALC | 6122967 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Total Ammonia-N | LACH/NH ₄ | 6125061 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | Amanpreet Sappal |
| Nitrate (NO ₃) and Nitrite (NO ₂) in Water | LACH | 6123730 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Chandra Nandlal |
| pH | AT | 6124293 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Orthophosphate | KONE | 6123703 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | CALC | 6122968 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | CALC | 6122969 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123699 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | CALC | 6122970 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

Maxxam ID: JSD172 Dup
Sample ID: BH-05-15
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|------------------|-----------------|---------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6124287 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Conductivity | AT | 6124289 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| pH | AT | 6124293 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |

Maxxam ID: JSD173
Sample ID: BH-07-15
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6123899 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | CALC | 6122965 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123693 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Deonarine Ramnarine |
| Conductivity | AT | 6123904 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | TOCV/NDIR | 6123147 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Mandeep Kaur |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO ₃) | | 6122670 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Dissolved Metals by ICPMS | ICP/MS | 6123636 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Arefa Dabhad |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | CALC | 6122966 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Anion and Cation Sum | CALC | 6122967 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Total Ammonia-N | LACH/NH ₄ | 6125061 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | Amanpreet Sappal |
| Nitrate (NO ₃) and Nitrite (NO ₂) in Water | LACH | 6123136 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Chandra Nandlal |
| pH | AT | 6123905 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Orthophosphate | KONE | 6123703 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | CALC | 6122968 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

TEST SUMMARY

Maxxam ID: JSD173
Sample ID: BH-07-15
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | CALC | 6122969 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123699 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | CALC | 6122970 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

Maxxam ID: JSD174
Sample ID: PZ-01-19
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|--|-----------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6123899 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | CALC | 6122965 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123693 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Deonarine Ramnarine |
| Conductivity | AT | 6123904 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | TOCV/NDIR | 6123147 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Mandeep Kaur |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO3) | | 6122670 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Lab Filtered Metals by ICPMS | ICP/MS | 6122632 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Arefa Dabhad |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | CALC | 6122966 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Anion and Cation Sum | CALC | 6122967 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Total Ammonia-N | LACH/NH4 | 6125061 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | Amanpreet Sappal |
| Nitrate (NO3) and Nitrite (NO2) in Water | LACH | 6123730 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Chandra Nandlal |
| pH | AT | 6123905 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Orthophosphate | KONE | 6123703 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | CALC | 6122968 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | CALC | 6122969 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123699 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | CALC | 6122970 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

Maxxam ID: JSD175
Sample ID: PZ-03-19
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|--|-----------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Alkalinity | AT | 6123899 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Carbonate, Bicarbonate and Hydroxide | CALC | 6122965 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123693 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Deonarine Ramnarine |
| Conductivity | AT | 6123904 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | TOCV/NDIR | 6123147 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Mandeep Kaur |
| Hardness (calculated as CaCO3) | | 6122670 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Automated Statchk |
| Lab Filtered Metals by ICPMS | ICP/MS | 6122632 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Arefa Dabhad |
| Ion Balance (% Difference) | CALC | 6122966 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Anion and Cation Sum | CALC | 6122967 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Total Ammonia-N | LACH/NH4 | 6125061 | N/A | 2019/05/19 | Amanpreet Sappal |
| Nitrate (NO3) and Nitrite (NO2) in Water | LACH | 6123730 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Chandra Nandlal |
| pH | AT | 6123905 | 2019/05/15 | 2019/05/16 | Surinder Rai |
| Orthophosphate | KONE | 6123703 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 20C) | CALC | 6122968 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

TEST SUMMARY

Maxxam ID: JSD175
Sample ID: PZ-03-19
Matrix: Water

Collected: 2019/05/13
Shipped:
Received: 2019/05/14

| Test Description | Instrumentation | Batch | Extracted | Date Analyzed | Analyst |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|
| Sat. pH and Langelier Index (@ 4C) | CALC | 6122969 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | KONE | 6123699 | N/A | 2019/05/16 | Alina Dobreanu |
| Total Dissolved Solids (TDS calc) | CALC | 6122970 | N/A | 2019/05/17 | Automated Statchk |

GENERAL COMMENTS

All 250mL plastic General bottles contained visible sediment
The 120mL plastic bottle for DOC analysis contained visible sediment
All of the 250mL plastic bottles for NH4LOW analysis contained visible sediment.

Results relate only to the items tested.

QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT

| QC Batch | Parameter | Date | Matrix Spike | | SPIKED BLANK | | Method Blank | | RPD | |
|----------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | % Recovery | QC Limits | % Recovery | QC Limits | Value | UNITS | Value (%) | QC Limits |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Aluminum (Al) | 2019/05/16 | 108 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | 2019/05/16 | 107 | 80 - 120 | 104 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Arsenic (As) | 2019/05/16 | 109 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Barium (Ba) | 2019/05/16 | 104 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <2.0 | ug/L | 1.6 | 20 |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | 2019/05/16 | 108 | 80 - 120 | 108 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Boron (B) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 103 | 80 - 120 | <10 | ug/L | 0.87 | 20 |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | 2019/05/16 | 103 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <200 | ug/L | 7.9 | 20 |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | 2019/05/16 | 100 | 80 - 120 | 98 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | 2019/05/16 | 100 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Copper (Cu) | 2019/05/16 | 101 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Iron (Fe) | 2019/05/16 | 102 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <100 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Lead (Pb) | 2019/05/16 | 96 | 80 - 120 | 95 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 105 | 80 - 120 | <50 | ug/L | 4.3 | 20 |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | 2019/05/16 | 103 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <2.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | 2019/05/16 | 106 | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | 2019/05/16 | 97 | 80 - 120 | 98 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 110 | 80 - 120 | <100 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Potassium (K) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <200 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Selenium (Se) | 2019/05/16 | 107 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <2.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Silicon (Si) | 2019/05/16 | 112 | 80 - 120 | 104 | 80 - 120 | <50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Silver (Ag) | 2019/05/16 | 89 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Sodium (Na) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <100 | ug/L | 2.3 | 20 |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Thallium (Tl) | 2019/05/16 | 99 | 80 - 120 | 99 | 80 - 120 | <0.050 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | 2019/05/16 | 109 | 80 - 120 | 99 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Uranium (U) | 2019/05/16 | 99 | 80 - 120 | 96 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Vanadium (V) | 2019/05/16 | 106 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | | |
| 6122632 | Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | 2019/05/16 | 100 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6123136 | Nitrate (N) | 2019/05/16 | 89 | 80 - 120 | 91 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | mg/L | 0.48 | 20 |
| 6123136 | Nitrite (N) | 2019/05/16 | 107 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <0.010 | mg/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123147 | Dissolved Organic Carbon | 2019/05/16 | 94 | 80 - 120 | 98 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | mg/L | 0.63 | 20 |

QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT(CONT'D)

| QC Batch | Parameter | Date | Matrix Spike | | SPIKED BLANK | | Method Blank | | RPD | |
|----------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | % Recovery | QC Limits | % Recovery | QC Limits | Value | UNITS | Value (%) | QC Limits |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Aluminum (Al) | 2019/05/16 | 114 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | 2019/05/16 | 112 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | 1.2 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Arsenic (As) | 2019/05/16 | 108 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | 0.95 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Barium (Ba) | 2019/05/16 | 105 | 80 - 120 | 96 | 80 - 120 | <2.0 | ug/L | 2.9 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | 2019/05/16 | 115 | 80 - 120 | 104 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Boron (B) | 2019/05/16 | 110 | 80 - 120 | 104 | 80 - 120 | <10 | ug/L | 0.95 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | 2019/05/16 | 106 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <200 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | 2019/05/16 | 104 | 80 - 120 | 99 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | 2019/05/16 | 104 | 80 - 120 | 104 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | 0.93 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Copper (Cu) | 2019/05/16 | 104 | 80 - 120 | 98 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | 3.0 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Iron (Fe) | 2019/05/16 | 103 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <100 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Lead (Pb) | 2019/05/16 | 95 | 80 - 120 | 96 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <50 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | 2019/05/16 | 106 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <2.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | 2019/05/16 | 109 | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | 0.70 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | 2019/05/16 | 102 | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | 8.8 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | 2019/05/16 | 116 | 80 - 120 | 109 | 80 - 120 | <100 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Potassium (K) | 2019/05/16 | 113 | 80 - 120 | 99 | 80 - 120 | <200 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Selenium (Se) | 2019/05/16 | 105 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <2.0 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Silicon (Si) | 2019/05/16 | 116 | 80 - 120 | 102 | 80 - 120 | <50 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Silver (Ag) | 2019/05/16 | 87 | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Sodium (Na) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <100 | ug/L | 3.4 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Thallium (Tl) | 2019/05/16 | 99 | 80 - 120 | 98 | 80 - 120 | <0.050 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | 2019/05/16 | 112 | 80 - 120 | 99 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | | |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Uranium (U) | 2019/05/16 | 98 | 80 - 120 | 96 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | ug/L | 1.1 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Vanadium (V) | 2019/05/16 | 109 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <0.50 | ug/L | 3.0 | 20 |
| 6123636 | Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | 2019/05/16 | 105 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <5.0 | ug/L | NC | 20 |
| 6123693 | Dissolved Chloride (Cl-) | 2019/05/16 | 88 | 80 - 120 | 103 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | mg/L | 0.14 | 20 |
| 6123699 | Dissolved Sulphate (SO4) | 2019/05/16 | NC | 75 - 125 | 105 | 80 - 120 | <1.0 | mg/L | 0.42 | 20 |
| 6123703 | Orthophosphate (P) | 2019/05/16 | 109 | 75 - 125 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <0.010 | mg/L | NC | 25 |

QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT(CONT'D)

| QC Batch | Parameter | Date | Matrix Spike | | SPIKED BLANK | | Method Blank | | RPD | |
|----------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | % Recovery | QC Limits | % Recovery | QC Limits | Value | UNITS | Value (%) | QC Limits |
| 6123730 | Nitrate (N) | 2019/05/16 | 98 | 80 - 120 | 101 | 80 - 120 | <0.10 | mg/L | 0.27 | 20 |
| 6123730 | Nitrite (N) | 2019/05/16 | 103 | 80 - 120 | 100 | 80 - 120 | <0.010 | mg/L | 2.2 | 20 |
| 6123899 | Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3) | 2019/05/16 | | | 95 | 85 - 115 | <1.0 | mg/L | 0.23 | 20 |
| 6123904 | Conductivity | 2019/05/16 | | | 103 | 85 - 115 | 1.1, RDL=1.0 | umho/cm | 0.26 | 25 |
| 6123905 | pH | 2019/05/16 | | | 102 | 98 - 103 | | | 0.60 | N/A |
| 6124287 | Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3) | 2019/05/16 | | | 96 | 85 - 115 | <1.0 | mg/L | 0.84 | 20 |
| 6124289 | Conductivity | 2019/05/16 | | | 99 | 85 - 115 | <1.0 | umho/cm | 0.33 | 25 |
| 6124293 | pH | 2019/05/16 | | | 102 | 98 - 103 | | | 0.079 | N/A |
| 6125061 | Total Ammonia-N | 2019/05/19 | 100 | 75 - 125 | 97 | 80 - 120 | <0.050 | mg/L | NC | 20 |

N/A = Not Applicable

Duplicate: Paired analysis of a separate portion of the same sample. Used to evaluate the variance in the measurement.

Matrix Spike: A sample to which a known amount of the analyte of interest has been added. Used to evaluate sample matrix interference.

Spiked Blank: A blank matrix sample to which a known amount of the analyte, usually from a second source, has been added. Used to evaluate method accuracy.



Method Blank: A blank matrix containing all reagents used in the analytical procedure. Used to identify laboratory contamination.

NC (Matrix Spike): The recovery in the matrix spike was not calculated. The relative difference between the concentration in the parent sample and the spike amount was too small to permit a reliable recovery calculation (matrix spike concentration was less than the native sample concentration)

NC (Duplicate RPD): The duplicate RPD was not calculated. The concentration in the sample and/or duplicate was too low to permit a reliable RPD calculation (absolute difference <= 2x RDL).

VALIDATION SIGNATURE PAGE

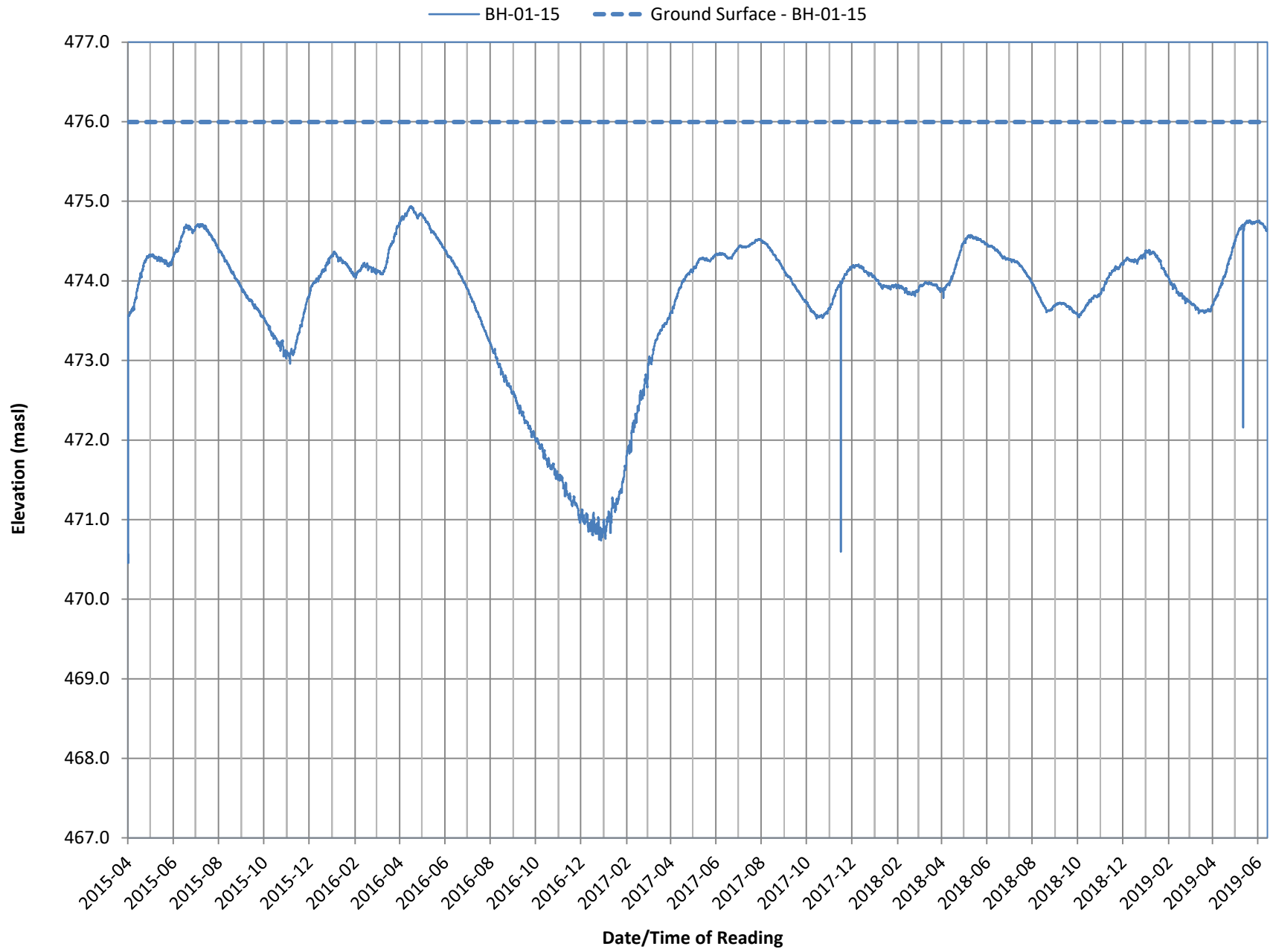
The analytical data and all QC contained in this report were reviewed and validated by the following individual(s).

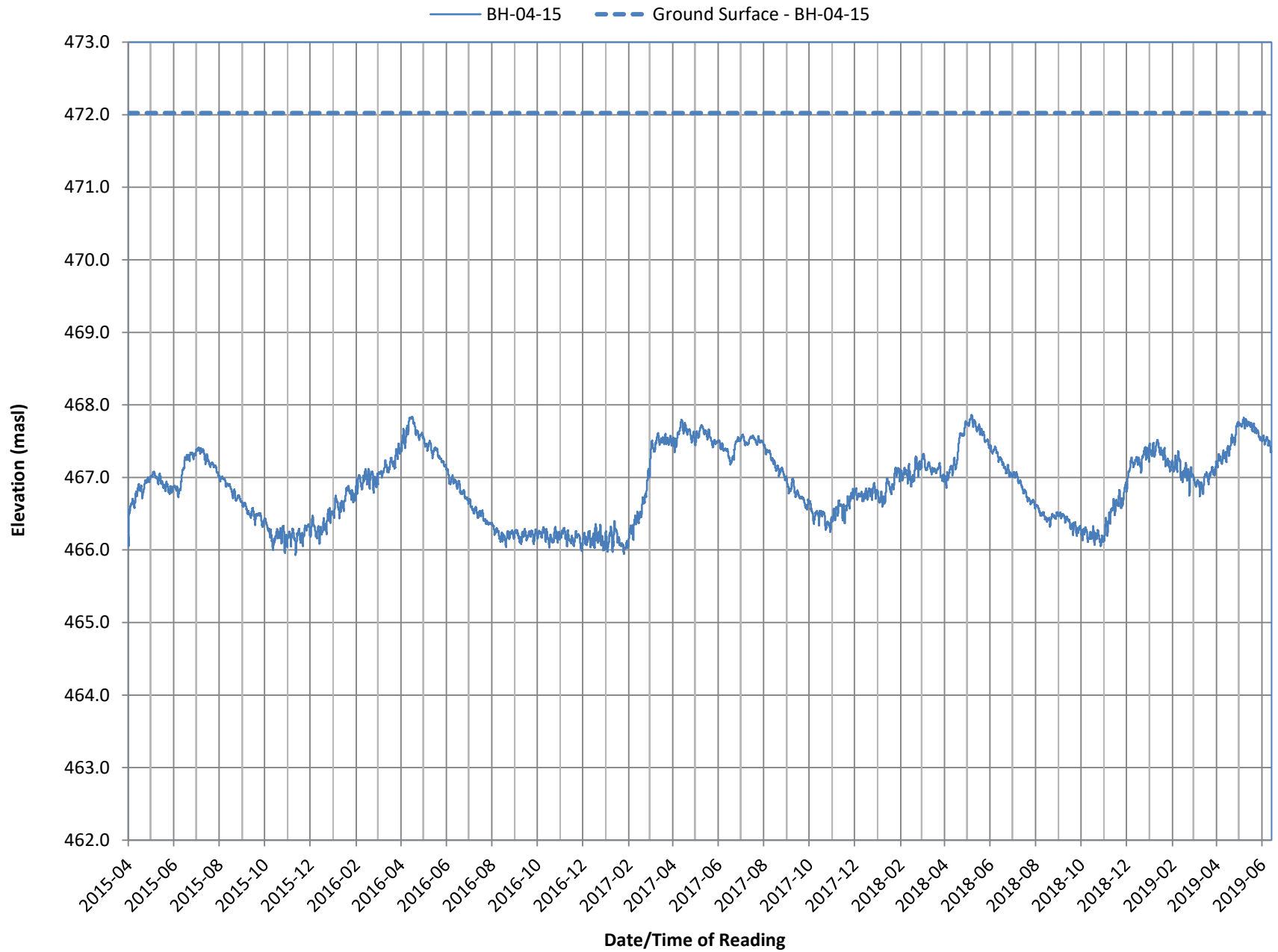



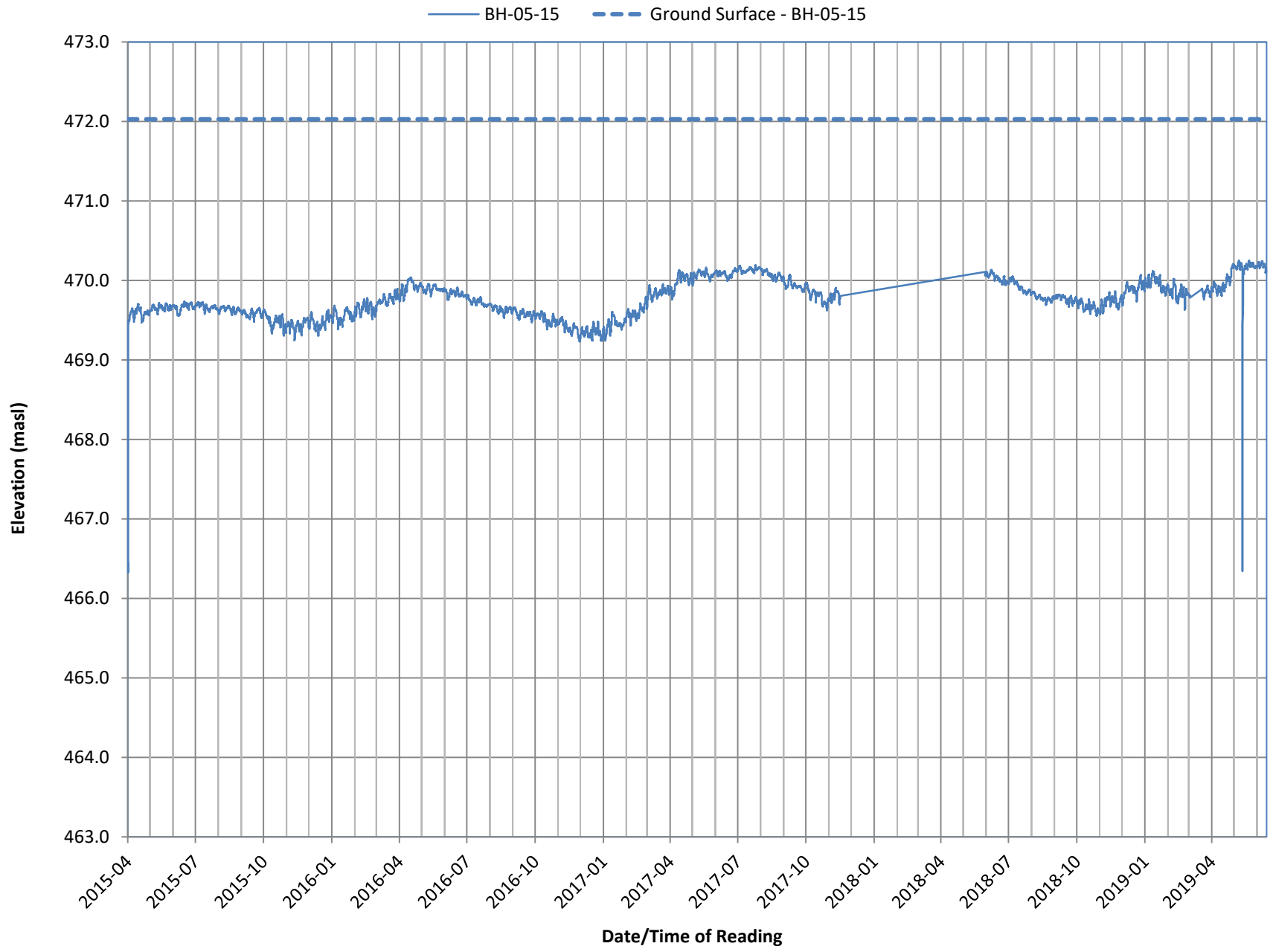
Ewa Pranjic, M.Sc., C.Chem, Scientific Specialist

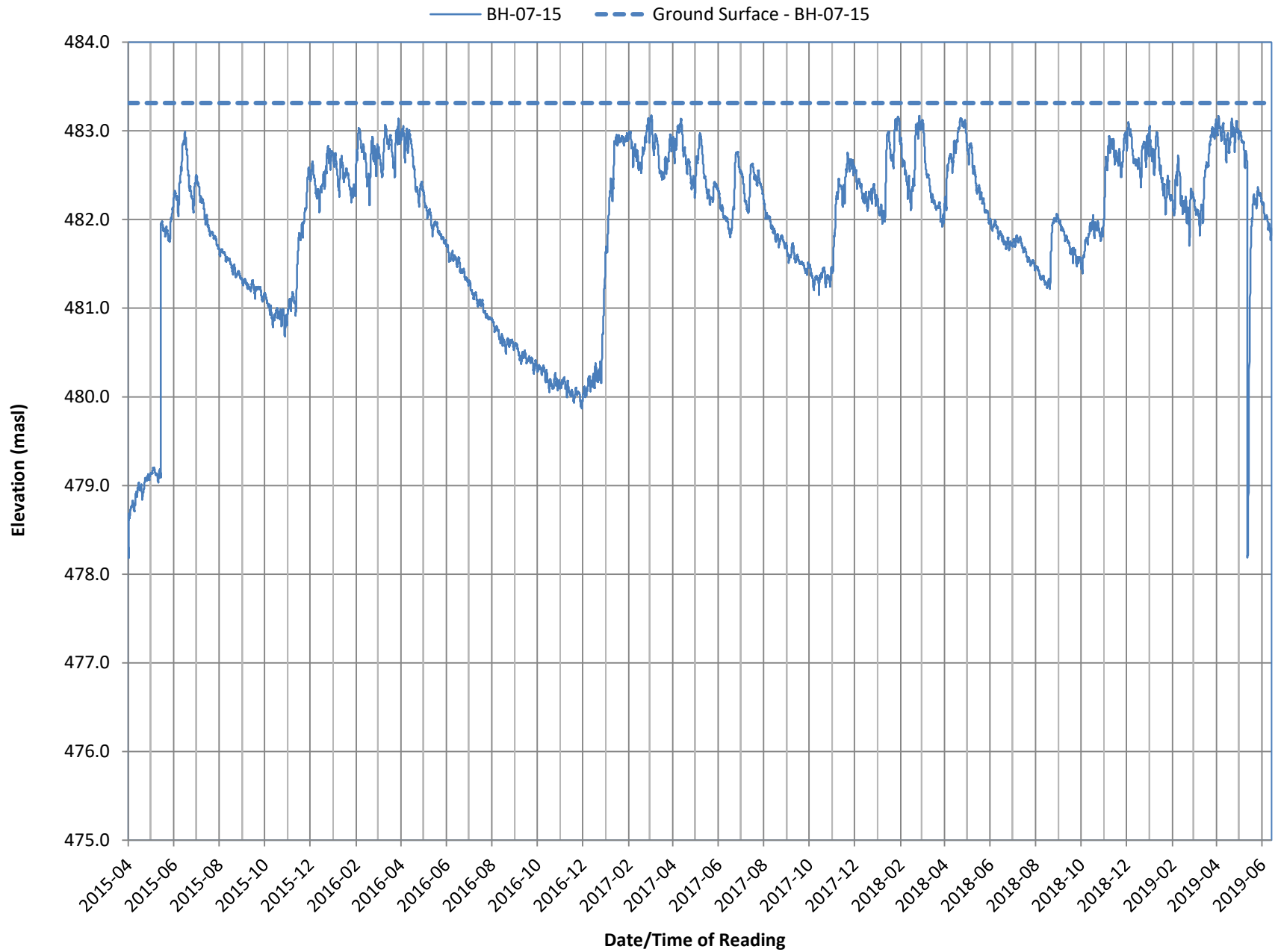
Maxxam has procedures in place to guard against improper use of the electronic signature and have the required "signatories", as per section 5.10.2 of ISO/IEC 17025:2005(E), signing the reports. For Service Group specific validation please refer to the Validation Signature Page.

**APPENDIX D:
PIEZOMETER LOGS**

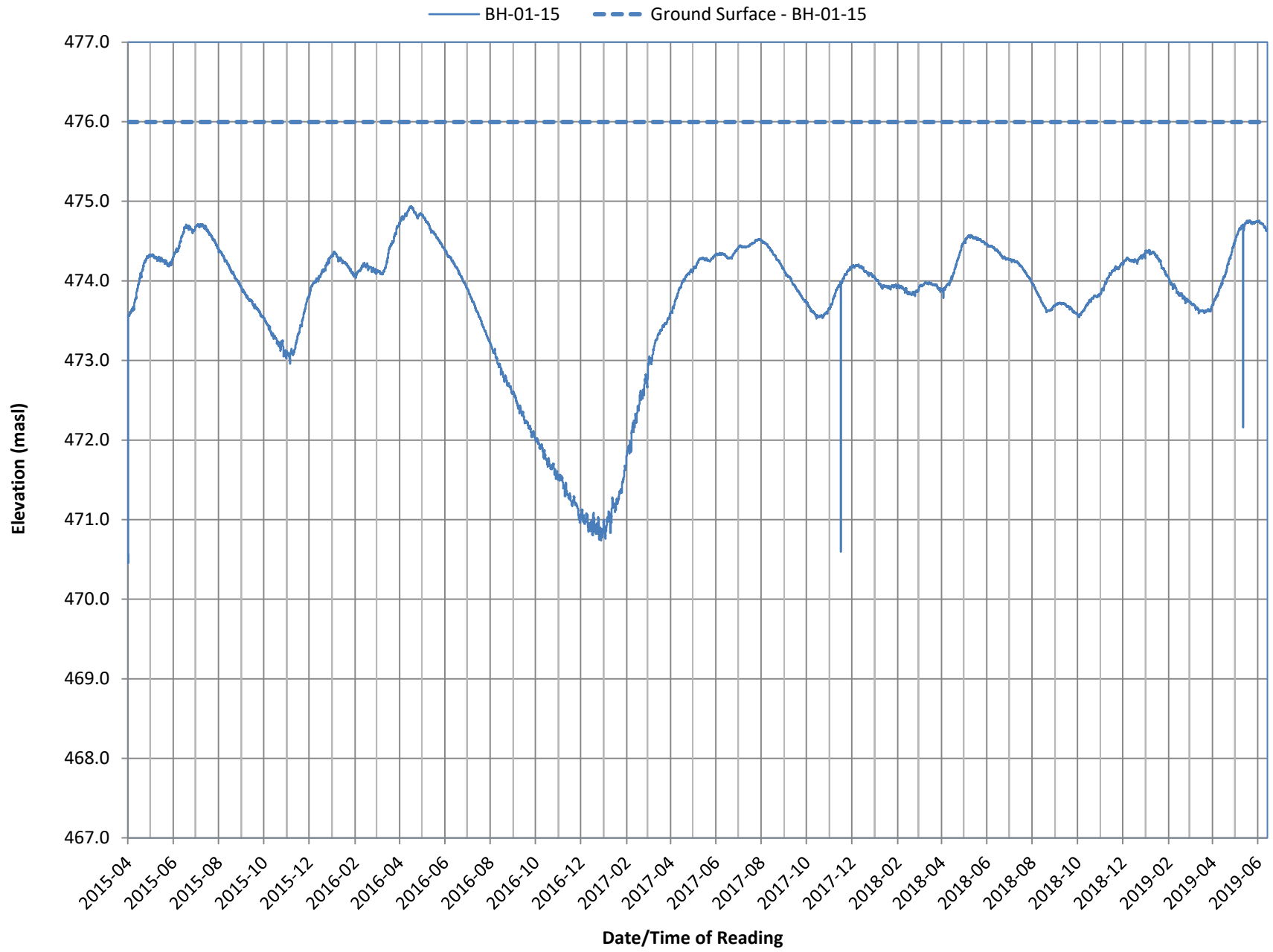


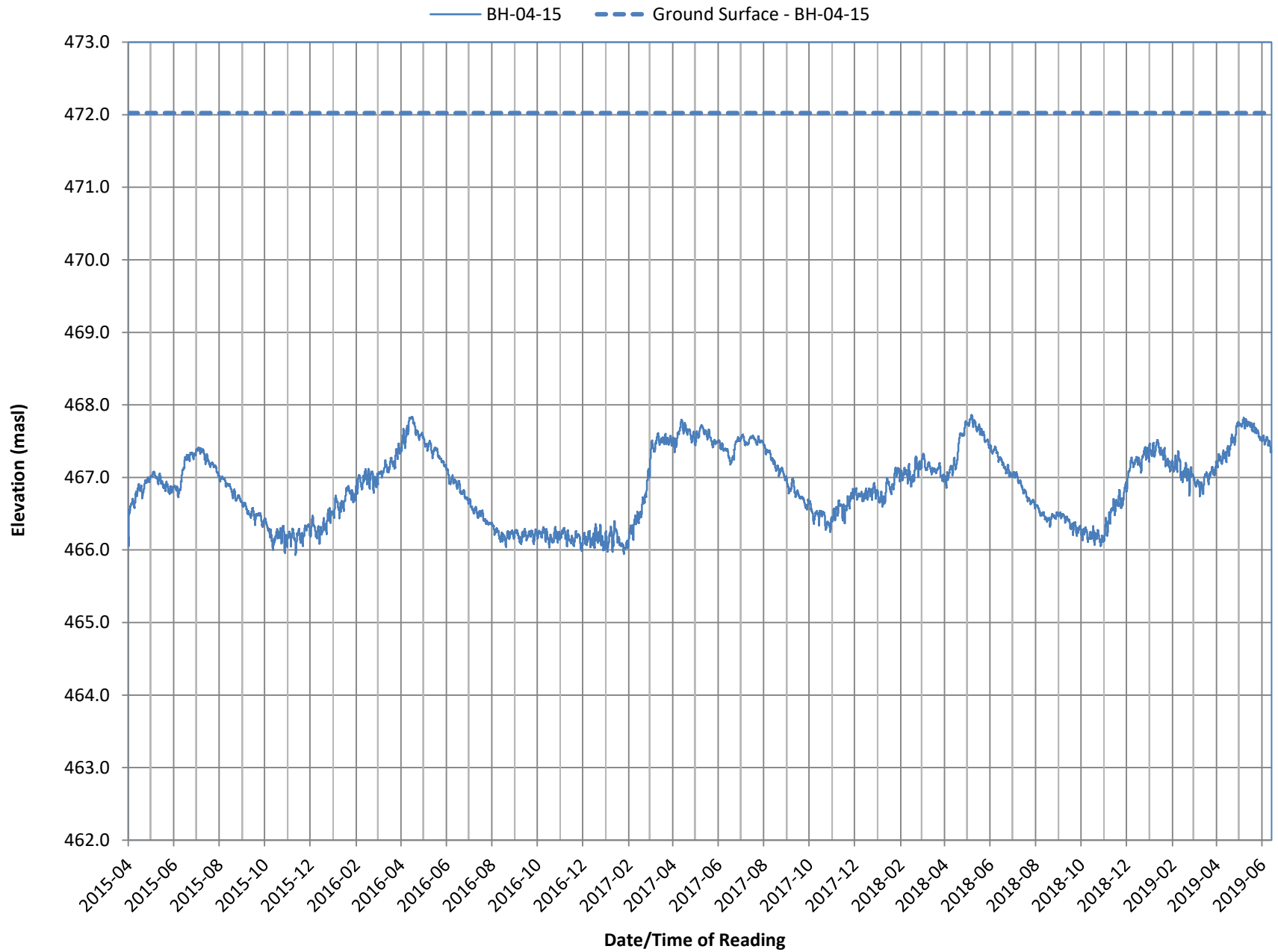


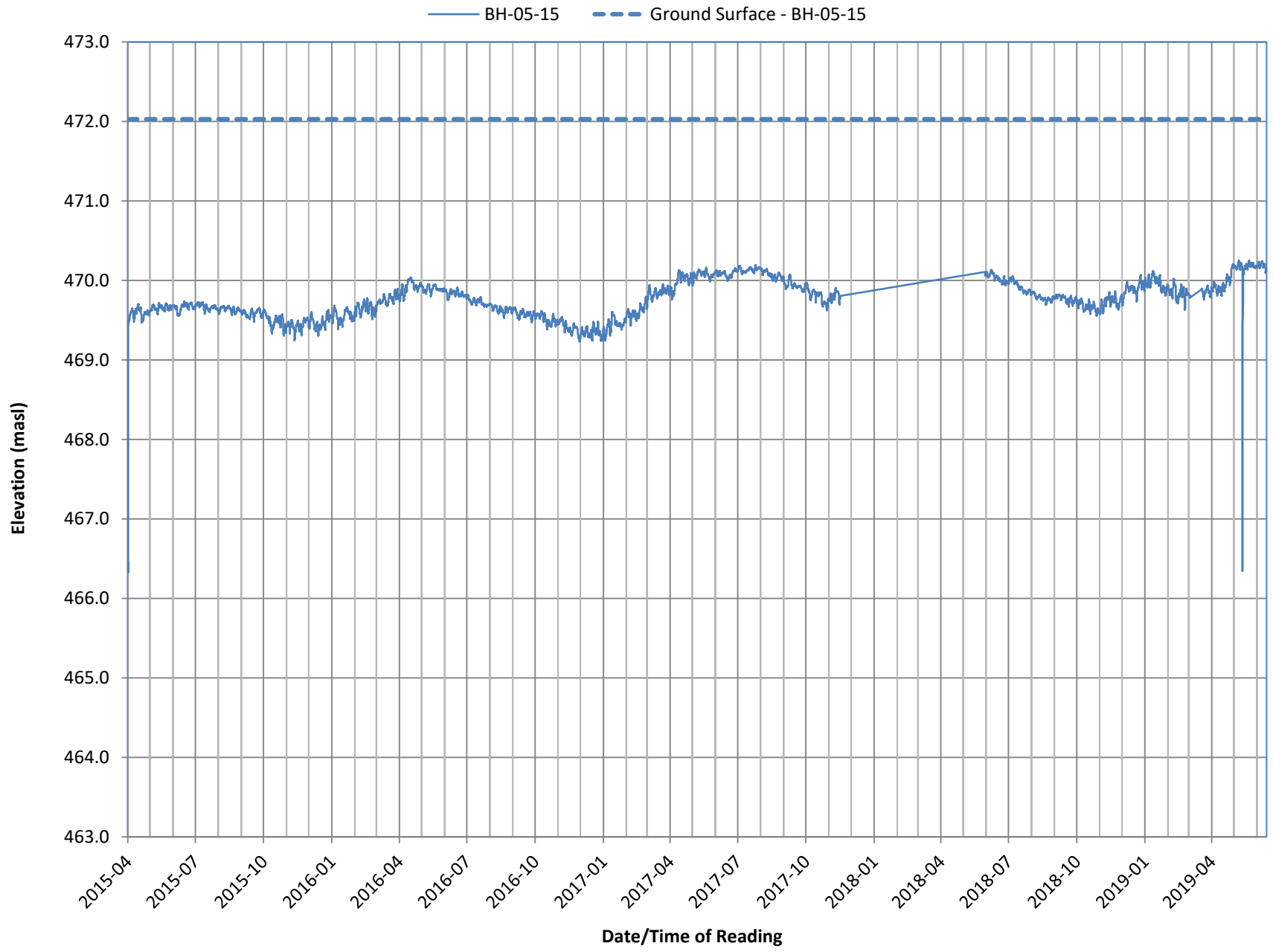


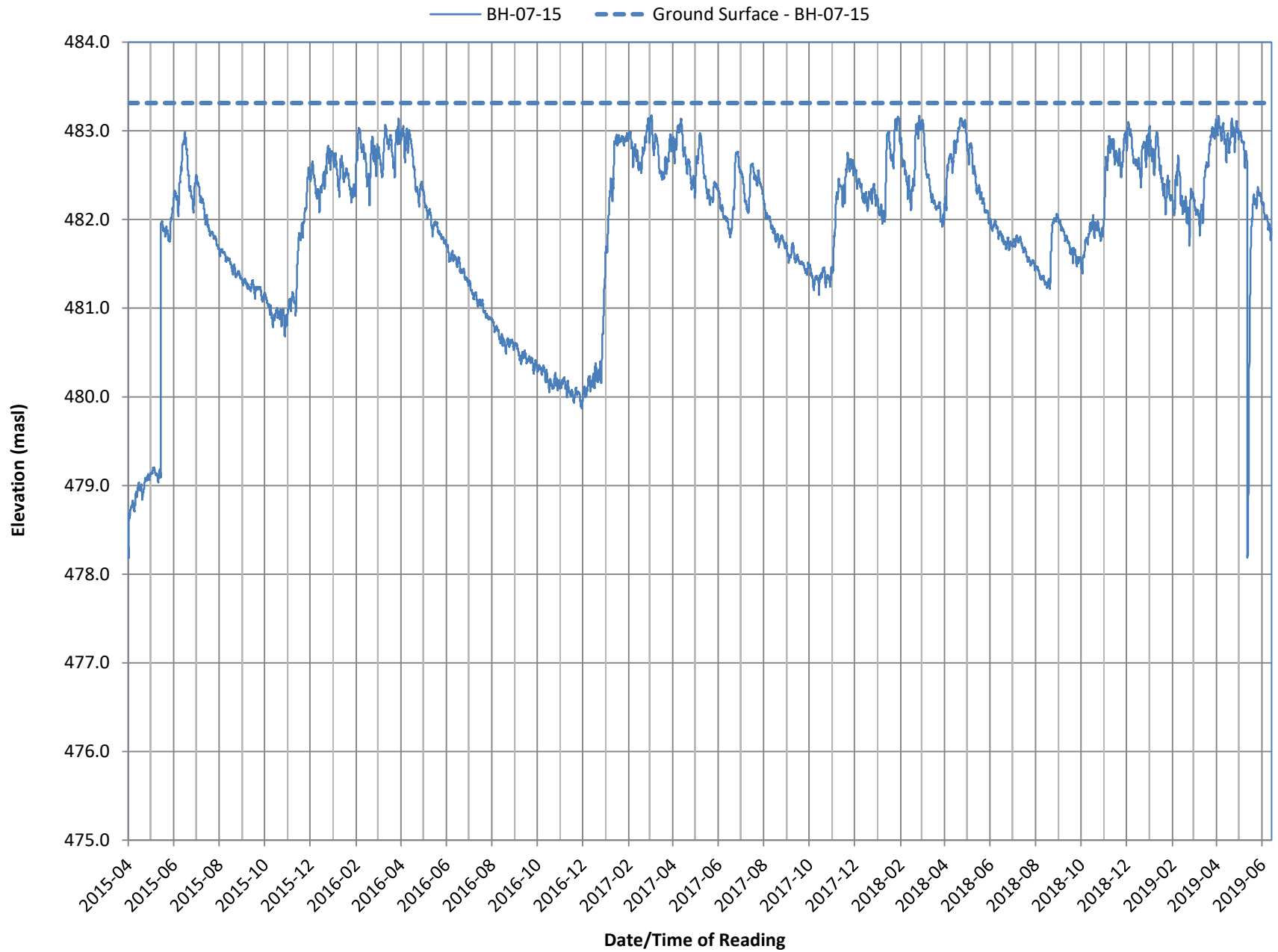


**APPENDIX E:
GROUNDWATER HYDROGRAPHS**









**APPENDIX F:
DOOR-TO-DOOR WELL SURVEY DOCUMENTS**



June 10, 2019
Our File: 118073-2

Re: Proposed Residential Subdivision
Mayberry Hill Phase 3b and 4, Grand Valley, ON
Private Water Well Supply Survey

Dear Well Owner or Resident,

On behalf of Thomasfield Homes Ltd., GM BluePlan Engineering (GM BluePlan) are requesting you complete the attached survey regarding your private water supply. This information is being requested in order to support the municipal approvals process for a proposed residential subdivision that is proposed in the western portion of the settlement of Grand Valley (Parts of Lots 29 and 30, Concession 2 of the Geographic Township of Luther). The proposed subdivision will be municipally serviced for water and sewage and will include a stormwater management facility.

Information obtained from this local survey is requested to assess the potential for the proposed subdivision to influence the water quality in nearby water supply wells. We ask that you please complete the enclosed form, to the best of your ability, and return it to GM BluePlan using the self-addressed and postage-paid envelope enclosed.

We would appreciate if the enclosed questionnaire form is completed and returned by June 28, 2019. If you have any questions regarding the water supply survey, please contact Matthew Long at GM BluePlan, 519-824-8150 (extension 1274) or by e-mail at matt.long@gmblueplan.ca.

Personal information collected through this process will only be used by GM BluePlan for the assessment purposes stated above and may involve submission to municipalities (e.g. the County of Dufferin, Town of Grand Valley) or regulators (e.g. Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks) for their review. By providing us with your personal information for the purposes listed above, you consent to our collection, use, and disclosure of the information or the above-mentioned purposes only. We will not collect, use, or disclose your personal information for any other purpose without your consent. You may refuse or withdraw your consent at any time by contacting the undersigned.

On behalf of Thomasfield Homes Ltd., we thank you for your consideration. Your co-operation and time are greatly appreciated.

Yours truly,

GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING LIMITED

Per:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matthew Long', is written over a light blue circular stamp.

Matthew Long, M.Eng., P.Eng.

Enclosed.

WELL USE QUESTIONNAIRE

for

WATER WELL INVENTORY

Project: Mayberry Hill Phase 3b and 4 **Project #:** 118073-2

Please complete these sections to the best of your ability.

Name of Well Owner: _____

Phone Number of Well Owner: _____

Lot/Concession: _____

Fire Number (if applicable): _____

Lived at this location since (YYYY/MM/DD): _____/____/____.

Well Usage

Do you use your well? Yes No

Do you use your well for drinking water? Yes No

Do you use your well for other purposes? _____

Has your well ever run dry? Yes No
Has it run dry... Intermittently? Seasonally? Permanently?

If so, please describe when and under what circumstances (i.e. time of day/year, uses/activities): _____

Water Quality

Has your well water ever been tested for quality? Yes No

If yes, how often and when was the last time? _____

Were any water quality problems identified? Yes No

If yes, please describe them: _____

Please describe the following aspects of your well water:

Appearance (colour, clarity) _____

Odour _____

Taste _____

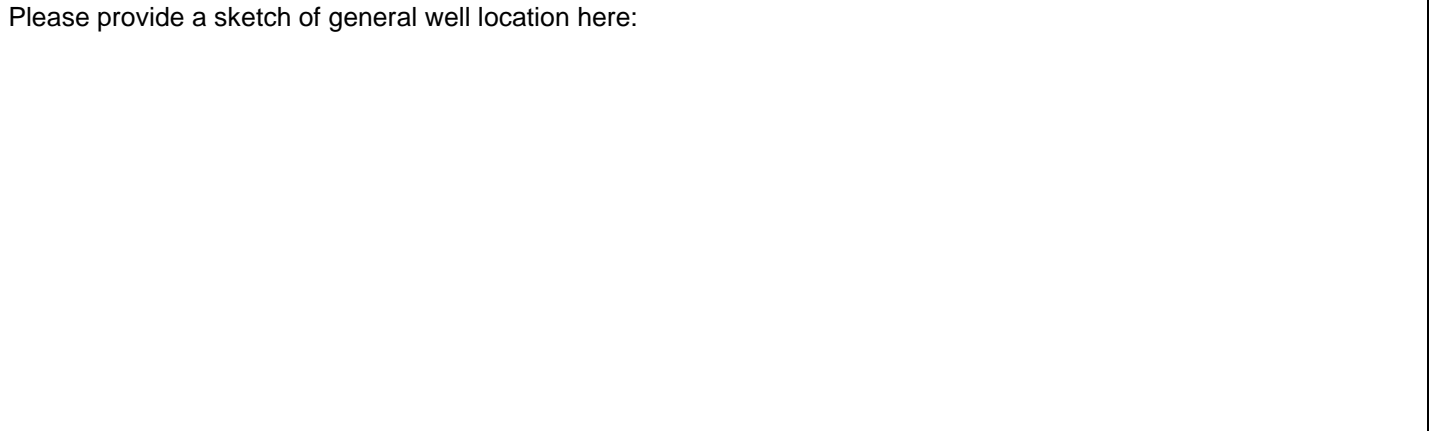
Staining on Fixtures (colour, texture) _____

(CONTINUED ON REVERSE)

Well Construction Details

MOE Well ID _____ Well Tag No. _____
Type of Well: Dug or Drilled
Bedrock or Overburden
Depth to Water: _____ Depth to Bottom: _____
Well Diameter: _____ Casing Material: _____
Screen Depth: _____ Screen Length: _____
Elevation (m): _____ Casing Stickup (m) _____
UTM Coordinate (N): _____ UTM Coordinate (E): _____
Company Name/Date Drilled: _____
Visible Condition of Well: _____

Please provide a sketch of general well location here:



Well and Water Equipment

No pump Depth of Pump Intake: _____
Submersible pump Pumping Rate (gpm): _____
Jet (shallow) pump Storage Tank Size (gal): _____
Jet (deep) pump Pressure Tank Size (gal): _____
Piston pump Disinfection Unit Type: _____
Other type of pump: _____ Filter Unit Type: _____
Other Treatment: _____
Do you have a tap/faucet that is located before any/all treatment units? (i.e. produces raw water)
Is that tap/faucet accessible?

Other Comments _____

**APPENDIX G:
CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING ESTIMATES**

Hydrogeological Calculations for Dewatering Estimates

Project: Mayberry Subdivision Phase 3b and 4
Project Number: 118073-2 **Engineer/Technician:** MRL

Description of Project: Residential subdivision featuring municipal servicing for storm, water and sanitary.

Greatest dewatering requirements expected from trenches for sewers.

Description of Conceptual Model for Dewatering Estimation:

Finite Trench Model

Length of Trench (L) = 45 m

Half-Width of Trench (r_w) = 1.5 m

Case 1: Unconfined Flow through Till Deposit

Assume:

Hydraulic Conductivity (k) = 10^{-6} m/s (Dense Sandy Silt)

Drawdown (H-h) = 6 m (maximum recorded groundwater level to 0.5 m below deepest service)

Depth to "Base" (H) = 12 m (no "impermeable base" identified; select twice the drawdown)

Schart Equation to determine how far radius of influence extends beyond trench.

Case 2: Confined Flow through Intertill Sand and Gravel

Assume:

Hydraulic Conductivity (k) = 10^{-5} m/s (Sand and Gravel with ~35% fines)

Drawdown (H-h) = 3 m (maximum recorded groundwater level to base of sand and gravel e.g. BH-06-15)

Aquifer Thickness = 2.3 m (e.g. BH-06-15)

Jacob-Cooper to determine how far radius of influence extends beyond trench.



Hydrogeological Calculations for Dewatering Estimates

Project: Mayberry Subdivision Phase 3b and 4
 Project Number: 118073-2 Engineer/Technician: MRL

Case 1: Unconfined Flow to Trench through Till Deposit

Radius of Influence

Sichart (Unconfined)

$$R_o = 3000(H - h)\sqrt{k}$$

| | | |
|------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| R _o = | 18 | m (Radius of Influence) |
| H= | 6 | m (Initial Head) |
| h= | 0 | m (Head at Drawdown) |
| k= | 1.00E-06 | m/s (Hydraulic Conductivity) |

Flow Calculation

Aquifer Type: Unconfined (Water Table)

Calculation Approach: Flow to Finite Trench

Governing Equation:

$$Q = \pi k \frac{(H^2 - h^2)}{\ln \frac{R_o}{r_w}} + xk \frac{(H^2 - h^2)}{L}$$

| | | |
|------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Q= | 5.95E-04 | m ³ /s (Dewatering Flow) |
| x= | 45 | m (Length of Trench) |
| k= | 1.00E-06 | m/s (Hydraulic Conductivity) |
| H= | 12 | m (Initial Head) |
| h= | 6 | m (Head at Drawdown) |
| L= | 10.5 | m (Distance to "Source") |
| R _o = | 19.5 | m (Radius of Influence) |
| r _w = | 1.5 | m (Radius of Well or System) |

Hydrogeological Calculations for Dewatering Estimates

Project: Mayberry Subdivision Phase 3b and 4
 Project Number: 118073-2 Engineer/Technician: MRL

Case 2: Confined Flow to Trench through Intertill Sand and Gravel

Radius of Influence

Cooper-Jacob (Confined)

$$R_o = \sqrt{\frac{2.25kBt}{C_s}}$$

| | | |
|------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| R _o = | 5.4 | m (Radius of Influence) |
| k= | 1.00E-05 | m/s (Hydraulic Conductivity) |
| C _s = | 0.1 | (Storage Coefficient) |
| B= | 1.5 | m (Thickness of Aquifer) |
| t= | 86400 | s (Time, Duration of Pumping) |

Flow Calculation

Aquifer Type: Confined
 Calculation Approach: Flow to Finite Trench
 Governing Equation:

$$Q = 2\pi k \frac{(\Delta H)}{\ln \frac{R_o}{r_w}} + 2xkB \frac{(\Delta H)}{L}$$

| | | |
|------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Q= | 1.60E-03 | m ³ /s (Dewatering Flow) |
| x= | 45 | m (Length of Trench) |
| k= | 1.00E-05 | m/s (Hydraulic Conductivity) |
| ΔH= | 3 | m (Drawdown) |
| B= | 2.3 | m (Thickness of Aquifer) |
| L= | 4.2 | m (Distance to "Source") |
| R _o = | 6.9 | m (Radius of Influence) |
| r _w = | 1.5 | m (Radius of Well or System) |

Daily Discharge Estimates

Case 1: 52,000 L

Case 2: 139,000 L

Superposition (Case 1 + Case 2): 191,000 L

